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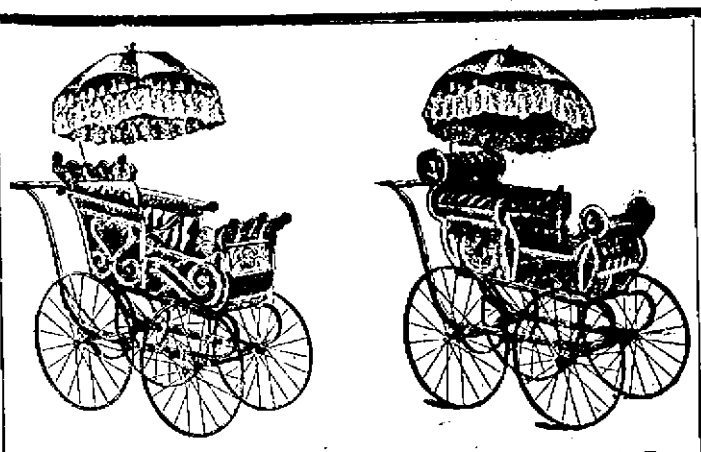
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Our spring stock just received.
See display in north window.
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Second Edition.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

WORKING IN SECRET.

Conspiracy Against Rev. D. C. Potter of New York.

Probably an Outgrowth of the Old Tabernacle Trouble.

NEW YORK, March 18.—A morning paper prints the following: A conspiracy to rob Rev. Dr. Daniel C. Potter, not only of valuable documents supposed to be in his study, but of his good name as well, was frustrated yesterday. While the minister was preaching his morning sermon in the Baptist Tabernacle on Second avenue, detectives arrested a burglar in the church house next door. The man, who was caught trying keys in several doors of the building, gave his name as George Brummer. He is one of the conspirators, and his part in the plot was to rob, and, perhaps, murder. He refuses to say who hired him. The person or persons who hired him furnished him not only with large sums of money, but with two assistants. Brummer and his two assistants have been "shadowing" the Tabernacle and its minister for the last four weeks.

Dr. Potter last night dictated the following: "I know very well who has hired this scoundrel to undertake this burglary, with its possible accompaniment of murder. He has been now for over two years plotting similar villainy; it is his method. He has caused a long string of outcasts and thugs to make affidavits and give testimony of having seen me in improper places and with bad companions. Indeed, four of them were sent to my church one Sunday night to identify me as the convivial comrade of some of their debauchery."

"Who is it?" was asked.

"Well, I cannot tell you yet, but I may tell be a long."

Dr. Potter saw Brummer at the station house in the afternoon. "Who is your principal?" demanded the doctor. "Who furnished the money for you to do me and rob me and perhaps murder me?"

"That's for you to find out" retorted Brummer.

Superintendent Byrnes and Captain Wiegand asked Dr. Potter what the object was, as there is nothing of especial value in the clergyman's apartments. They asked if Dr. Potter had any documents or papers of especial value in his study. The clergyman replied that he keep his valuable papers in a safe deposit vault, but there were papers other than those involved, which it might be to some one's advantage to purloin or destroy.

Dr. Potter has found within the last three years that he has enemies, some of whom work in the dark. The sensational charges made two years ago against Dr. Potter by James W. Putnam, then his assistant at the Tabernacle, are familiar. The charges were first made anonymously, and then Mr. Putnam said he would father them. Dr. Potter demanded an immediate investigation, and a Tabernacle committee which took testimony for three months could never get Putnam to submit proofs. He said he could prove them all, but his witnesses never appeared. The commission reported that not an iota of evidence had been produced reflecting on Dr. Potter's character, and Mr. Putnam was expelled from the church. Mr. Putnam called a council of Baptist ministers a year ago, but his printed documents were blessed and ordered burned. One pamphlet was afterwards circulated, and a domestic who had been in Dr. Potter's employ was connected by her friends and the authorities of her church—she was a Roman Catholic—to invoke the law against Putnam. The district attorney promptly secured Putnam's indictment on a charge of criminal libel, and he is now on bail. His trial may come off very soon.

Dr. Potter said to a reporter last night that in his safe deposit box were papers which certain men would be glad to secure, and that to obtain them an unscrupulous man would be willing to spend a large sum of money.

GOFF CRITICISED.

Illinois Priest Denounces the Recorder's Opposition to Home Rule.

OTTAWA, Ill., March 18.—Rev. T. H. Malon, editor of the Colorado Catholic, last night addressed a large audience in the opera house. He spoke on Irish home rule, the main feature of his discourse being a criticism of Recorder Goff of New York. He referred to the banquet of the Irish Revolutionary Brotherhood, held in New York March 5, at which Recorder Goff was reported as saying: "The time has come for Ireland to use force if she wishes to be free; nothing will ever be accomplished through that acme of foolishness—home rule." The speaker said:

"Catholics will not endorse such inflammable utterances, and they will be both surprised and pained to hear that the man recently elected to the office of recorder of New York should appeal to the prejudices and combativeness of the Irish race, rather than to their wisdom and sober judgment. Never can Recorder Goff reconcile his position as a law-giver with his intemperate speech, which more caustic criticism might well call anarchistic. The freedom of Ireland will be more quickly attained through the intelligence of the world than in unequal conflict of arms, and that man who preaches armed rebellion for Ireland is the enemy of Ireland and not its friend. Ireland would be free, but the Goffs will not be her emancipators."

TAKING TESTIMONY.

Italian Consul Investigating Last Week's Tragedy in Colorado.

WALSENBURG, Col., March 18.—Dr. Cunol, acting consul for the Italian government, has been here since Thursday, preparing and forwarding to the Italian ambassador at Washington reports and testimony in connection with the tragedy enacted here last week, in which three of his countrymen were killed by mob violence and two are missing. The principal facts have been sent to Washington, but the acting consul will remain here a few days longer. He states that there will be no haste displayed in the affair and that his government will go slow. He has no communication with his own countrymen and refuses to see them when they call, saying that he only recognizes and will communicate with the proper authorities. He condemns the exaggerated reports sent out concerning the people at Walsenburg.

One of Those Supposed to be Killed Lodged in Jail.

WALSENBURG, Col., March 18.—Peter Gisbanco, one of the men supposed to have been killed at Bear Creek last Tuesday, was found ten miles from the scene of the shooting last night. He has been lodged in jail at Pueblo.

Suspicion Growing That Defaulter Taylor Has Not Been Arrested.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 18.—A special from Port Tampa, Fla., says: Steamer Olivette has arrived from Havana, but Taylor, the defaulting South Dakota treasurer, said to have been arrested at Vera Cruz, Mexico, was not on board. None of the passengers or officers knew anything of Taylor's whereabouts or had heard of his arrest. The suspicion is growing that Taylor has not been arrested at all.

OF NEW ENGLAND STOCK.

Death in San Francisco of an Exiled Hawaiian Royalist.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., March 18.—Arthur P. Peterson, formerly attorney general of Hawaii, whose death is announced in San Francisco, was a member of a Plymouth family. His father, Daniel P. Peterson, was born here, but for many years had been a merchant in Honolulu, where Arthur was born. The latter was graduated at the University of Michigan law school, studied law in the office of Chief Justice Mason and Arthur Lord of Plymouth, and was admitted to the bar, practicing for a time in Plymouth. He removed to Hawaii about ten years ago. King Kalakua appointed him assistant attorney general and made him attorney general in 1890. He took sides with queen in the late revolution, being concerned in the attempt to restore the monarch, and was sentenced to exile and deported to the United States. He had reached San Francisco on his way home.

"THE YALE MAN UP TO DATE."

New Haven Clergymen Discuss That Topic in Secret.

NEW HAVEN, March 18.—At the meeting of the ministers' association of this city and vicinity today, a paper was read by Rev. F. A. Brown of the local Presbyterian church, on "The Yale Man up to Date." The address was suggested by a book which has recently appeared, of that title, by a local author. Mr. Brown gave an array of facts as to whether certain customs actually exist as stated in the book. At the conclusion of his paper the association agreed in a general discussion that the Yale faculty are not active enough in checking certain practices. The meeting then voted to suppress, for the present, the facts stated in the paper and general discussion, but will try to induce the faculty to adopt more stringent measures in dealing with looseness in Yale student life.

FULLY UNDER WAY.

Inauguration of the First City Government of Central Falls.

CENTRAL FALLS, March 18.—The inauguration of the first city government of Central Falls took place in the city hall, formerly the town hall, today, the work of introducing the new government attracting a good number of citizens. City Clerk Crawford administered the oath of office to Mayor Moies, who in turn swore in the members of both branches. Rev. J. H. Lyon offered prayer and the mayor read his message, which was quite brief. The two branches then separated, and the aldermen elected George M. Thornton president, and the common council chose Myron Fish as its presiding officer.

Diplomatic Appointments by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The President today made the following appointments: Joseph R. Herod of Indiana, to be secretary of the legation of the United States to Japan; Henry A. C. Emery, to be interpreter to the consulate of the United States at Ningpo, China; George F. Smithers, to be interpreter to the consulate of the United States at Osaka and Hiogo, Japan.

Failure of a Kansas City Bank.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 18.—A special from Kansas City says that the National Bank of Kansas City failed this morning. The capital stock is $11,000,000.

SPAIN'S CABINET CRISIS.

Due to Differences Regarding Procedure in the Newspaper Affair.

LONDON, March 18.—A despatch from Madrid to the Pall Mall Gazette says the resignation of the cabinet arose from a difference of opinion among the ministers as to the method of procedure against newspapers which have attacked the army. Despite the decision of the supreme court in favor of procedure under the press law, General Lopez Dominguez, minister of war, insisted that the cabinet should issue a decree requiring the offending editors to be tried by court-martial. This was opposed by all the civil ministers, and the differences became so pronounced that Premier Sagasta declared it impossible for the cabinet to further exist in harmony. The ministry thereupon resigned.

LONDON, March 18.—The Times correspondent in Madrid is inclined to take sides with the officers in their campaign against the newspaper men. He says: "The Madrid editors are culpably lax as regards publishing contributions from outsiders. They leave almost unlimited power in the hands of inexperienced and indiscreet reporters. Thousands of officers were present at the military club in Madrid Saturday night, and it is understood that lots were drawn to determine who should challenge the offending journalists."

WILL RUSSIA INTERVENE?

Reported Secret Agreement with China to Prevent Territorial Cession.

LONDON, March 18.—A despatch to the Central News from Shanghai says: It is reported that China has a secret agreement with Russia, whereby the latter is to intervene if Japan insists upon any territorial cession as the price of peace. As China is relying upon this, the result of the peace negotiations is doubtful.

The Europeans connected with the Chinese army and navy at Wei-Hai-Wei have arrived at Tien Tsin and have been paid off and discharged.

APOLOGY DEMANDED.

Spain Objects to Articles Officially Printed in Uruguay.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Herald's special cable despatch from Buenos Ayres says: Despatches from Montevideo state that Spanish Minister Calvos has been cabled to from Madrid to retire on board warship Temerario unless an apology is made for the objectionable articles which have appeared in an official newspaper in Uruguay. It is considered probable that the Uruguayan government will satisfy Minister Calvos's demands.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Gibraltar, March 18, Werra, from New York.
Bremerhaven, March 18, Braunschweign, from New York.
Boston, March 18, Virginian, from London.

One Stole and the Other Received the Goods.

PROVIDENCE, March 18.—Frederick G. French and Henry P. Bowen, young men, were arraigned in the district court today, and in $1,000 each were held for trial Friday. French was charged with stealing $500 worth of oils, gold leaf and paint from Starkweather, and Bowen was charged with receiving the same, knowing it to have been stolen. Both pleaded guilty.

TIVERTON.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Funeral services for Seth E. Potter, youngest son of Charles H. Potter, formerly of Prudence Island, were held Sunday afternoon at the Congregational Church, Rev. James C. Roberts officiating, assisted by Rev. James E. Goslene, pastor of the Stone church. There was a very large attendance. The choir rendered several selections. Seth Potter was a grand-nephew of the late Seth Bateman of Newport. He was a quiet, unassuming lad, with kind thoughts and actions for others, and an aim to do right under all circumstances. As a loving son and brother, his memory will be cherished in his family circle; as a member of the grange, he will be lovingly remembered. The interment was in Hillside Cemetery, the members of Nonquit Grange, No. 31, Patrons of Husbandry, performing their last rites at the grave. The pall bearers were his brother grangers, Frank L. Grinnell, Henry Wilcox, John Schlegel and George A. Brown. Among the floral tributes was a pillow, inscribed with the word "Grange."

Mrs. Frank Potter arrived from New York Friday, to attend the funeral of her nephew. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Potter and Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Potter of Providence were also in town Sunday, to attend the funeral.

Miss Marian Gray of Boston is spending her vacation with Otis A. Gray and family.

CHEAP LIVING IN PARIS.

The first thing for the stranger in Paris to do is to find a room. The second is to find a restaurant. It is not practicable to get board and lodging together. Paris is one of the costliest cities to live in, and one of the cheapest. In the quarters most affected by Englishmen and Americans—the Grands Boulevards, the Chaussée d'Antin, Faubourg, St. Honoré, Champs Elysées, Parc Monceau, and the Tuileries—suites command high prices. For all Paris, Baedeker makes the price of accommodations range from sixty cents to six dollars per day. Baedeker would not be safe in naming cheaper rates. But guide-books are made primarily for the well-to-do, and it is getting to be a trite saying that the economical traveler buys a guide-book principally to learn where not to go and what not to do. Guide-book assurances, also, that ignorance of the French language in no ways impairs the profit or pleasure of a visit to Paris are solely for the well-to-do. If a visitor is content with guide-book sights, and is willing to pay roundly for them, he will get along well enough on English, though even then things will not always run smoothly; in any other event he will suffer. Given a fair reading knowledge of French and ability to speak it enough to drive a bargain, Paris is an ideal city for experimental economy.—[Alvan F. Sanborn, in April Lippincott's.

THE MUSHROOM "ART PATRON."

In handing a painting just finished, to an old lady, the other day, the artist noticed that he had omitted to sign it. Taking up a brush he said that he would put his name to it "What," she exclaimed, "put your name to my picture! No, indeed! If any name goes upon that picture, it will be my name!" The little episode illustrates pretty well the state of mind of a certain class of picture buyers who, presumably, are more intelligent than this worthy old lady. They pay their hundreds of dollars, or their thousands, as the case may be, for a certain picture, and it becomes their picture to such an extent that any unfavorable criticism of it is resented as a personal matter. If a man of this class should happen to be in, say, the wine trade, he would hardly take it as a personal affront if you noticed that the claret was "corked" which you knew that he had "picked up at a dead bargain" when old Mr. Gourmet's cellar was brought to the hammer. Or, supposing him to be "in dry goods," he probably would not feel hurt because you pointed out that the job lots of silks or woolens he bought at the bankrupt sale of those eminent merchants, Skinnemstein & Flummery, were not strictly first class. Indeed, if he knew that you had had any experience in either the wine trade or "in dry goods," as the case might be, he won'd simply regard you with contempt if you did not find out these things for yourself. But if your special knowledge happens to be in the direction of pictures, and you feel called upon to apply it in any way that may seem to reflect upon his callow judgment—that is a very different thing! Dare to tell the truth about his unfortunate purchases—even if he has had the temerity to exhibit them publicly as masterpieces, and so challenge your criticism—and he will consider that your remarks are a personal attack upon himself, and perhaps he will set some friendly scribe to pitch into you, ascribing to you the meanest motives for performing the obvious duty of advising your readers to the best of your ability. —[Art Amateur for March.

ENGLISH AS SHE IS UNDERSTOOD.

Every country has its own ideas of things, and what may be right in one land may be quite wrong in another. I should, therefore, recommend those American firms who are at present advertising in Great Britain, and also those who contemplate doing so, to have their announcements criticised by English experts before allowing them to appear in the public prints, as some Americanisms are quite misleading to the denizens of this land. For instance, no less a corporation than the Royal Baking Powder Company evidently has depended upon their own astuteness in the preparation of their English ads, or to be more correct, their American ads appearing in the British papers, as they have been inserted here with no change from those in the United States. One error lies in their asking readers to apply for a cook book, by sending a *postal* to Wall street, New York. Now a book purporting to give hints on the culinary department is here called a *cookery book*, to that the word used by the Royal Baking Powder Company is looked upon as an inelegant expression, or even as a grammatical error; and a postal in this country does not signify a postal card—or as we invariably call them over here, post cards—but a very convenient means of transmitting small sums of money, viz: postal orders, for short, usually alluded to as postals. The same firm intimate that their goods are to be obtained *at* retail at the ordinary places where such goods are vended; at is quite unnecessary, as we never refer to articles being sold *at* retail or wholesale, but simply retail or wholesale, as the case may be. When goods are to be auctioned we use the expression "to be sold *by* auction"—not at auction. It would be interesting to know if the Royal Baking Powder Company received any applications for their cookery book by post card; and also if any persons took the trouble to write asking the amount of postal order necessary to bring the preceptor in cuisine.—[London letter to Printers' Ink.

The Oliver Ditson Company of Boston, as is well known, publishes only high-class music, and the Easter catalogue, issued this season, is worthy of especial attention, the large number of selections named being sufficiently varied in style to suit all tastes. The Daily News is in receipt of the following: "The Song of Songs," for alto or bass, in C, arranged from Balfe by Victor Vane; and, in octavo music, "Angels, Roll the Rock Away," by P. A. Schneckar, an anthem for quartette or chorus, with tenor solo; and "Alleluia! Alleluia!" by R. E. De Roef, for soprano and bass solos and chorus, with words for Easter, Christmas and general use.

The second of Dr. C. Hanford Henderson's series of articles on "Manual Training" will appear in the April Popular Science Monthly. It is a stimulating argument for his specialty, because of "the increased intellectual power which is the necessary physiological result of such training." His reasoning is re-enforced by statements of results.

COMMERFORD
is not making fifty-dollar suits for $25, nor thirty-three dollar suits for $16.50, because any sensible person knows that you can't buy good gold dollars for 50 cts., but when it is time to order your spring and summer clothes and you want good qualities, correct styles, and your garments "up to date," at reasonable prices, you can get them from
COMMERFORD,
235 Thames St.

WE WISH TO CALL
YOUR ATTENTION
to the fact that the
Tally Ho Shirt
is unsurpassed in fit and quality by any shirt on the market at the price, $1.00. We have them in open back and front, open back only, and short bosom.
W. K. R. HOLM'S - 300 Thames Street.
Agent for the Fall River National Laundry.

COMBINATION SUITS
For boys, age 4 to 14 years, consisting of Coat and Two Pants with Hat, Price $2.50.
We can sell you this whole combination as cheap as you can buy the same suit from other dealers. Take a look at this combination and you will be surprised.
Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
208 Thames St. 208

Grand Opening,
SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1895,
—OF—
The only Delicatessen Store
In the city, where you can find the best variety of fine Table Delicacies, Canned Goods, Teas, Coffees and Staple Groceries at popular prices.
Cheese to suit all circumstances.
All goods guaranteed as represented.
L. EHRHARDT, JR.,
271 Thames St., Cor. Kinsley's Whf.
Telephone.

March Number
Ladies' Home Journal, Harper's Monthly, Scribner's, Godey's and Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly now on sale.
Cosmopolitan, Munsey's, Century, Toilette, L'Art de la Mode, Boston, Paris Album of Fashion, La Mode de Paris, etc., on sale March 1.
ALSO
A Full Line of Tissue and Crepe Papers.
S. T. H. Ailman,
42 Washington Sq.

SALE OF LADIES'
Shirt Waists
AT
The Bee Hive.
We are headquarters on waists as regards VARIETY, STYLE and LOW PRICES.
Crepon Waists in all shades, as pretty as silk waists, $1.37; usual price $2.00.
Silk Waists in various colors, made in latest styles, $2.62; usual price $3.50.
Silk Waists superior quality in handsome effect $4.75; usual price $6.50.
Satteen Waists, black and white stripes and figures, 50c; usual price 75c.
Black Satteen Waists, extra quality, with crushed collar, 98c; usual price $1.50.
300 Shirt Waists in pretty stripes, stiff collars and cuffs, perfectly laundried, deep yoke, 48c; usual price 75c.
Separate Skirts, $2.50, $3.37 and $4.95, just about the price charged for making.
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MATTRESSES
Made over.
FURNITURE
Re-upholstered.
CARPETS
Put down.
W. F. Spingler & Son,
Prospect Hill Street,
Two doors below the Avenue.

29th January, 1895.
NOTICE!
☞ We beg to inform the public that on account of repairs in the building we shall not be able to open our establishment for some time longer. Respectfully,
Kazanjian & Co.,
Kazanjian Block, Bellevue Avenue.

This Morning's News.

AN IMPERIAL HONOR.

Count Bismarck's Appointment a Surprise.

Franco-German War Veterans Seeking Aid.

BERLIN, March 18.—The appointment of Count William Bismarck, second son of the ex-chancellor, as civil governor of East Prussia, in succession to Count von Stolberg-Wernigerode, came as a surprise to the political world.

Count William is well acquainted with Konigsberg, the seat of the government of East Prussia, as he was prepared there for the service of the state by the chief of the colonial department. As a student, Count William had much the same merry time as his father, and was nearly killed in a duel at Bonn.

When the great chancellor fell into disgrace, Count William had the tact to keep in the background, with the result that he continued in the service of the state, while his elder brother, Count Herbert, was obliged to leave office. Count William's appointment is regarded as the first of a series of imperial honors to his father.

Making It Over.

The revision of the German-American extradition treaty is now under way. The terms of the existing treaty, in some respects, are not satisfactory to either government.

It is the question of the costs involved in extradition proceedings which is the main objection on the American side, since the great majority of the extradition proceedings occur in America in the proportion of about 100 to 1, so that the American government, with each side defraying the expenses of the proceedings within its respective sphere, bears a deal more than its proper share.

Consequently, in 1891, the American government made advances to Germany with the view of modifying the treaty provisions in this and in other respects, including the rates of each government to try extradited persons solely through specific charges under which the extradition was demanded. Germany, however, was not satisfied with the proposed changes, and the negotiations, after a time, were dropped.

A recent extradition case at Hamburg—the person involved being a clever adventuress, who passed herself off in Berlin and elsewhere as the Archduchess Theresa d'Esta and victimized several persons to the tune of $200,000—is the direct cause of reopening the negotiations for a revision of the German-American extradition treaty. This time Germany came forward with certain proposals, and these were sent, a few days ago, through the American embassy here, to Washington.

A Final Appeal.

The invalid and crippled soldiers of the Franco-German war have been for years vainly trying to get the reichstag to increase the amount of their pensions. Representatives of the veteran association, which numbers 13,000, will meet this week, adopt resolutions and send a deputation to the emperor, in order to acquaint him with the miserable condition of many disabled veterans.

The old soldiers will also send a deputation to the bundesrath and to the reichstag with instructions to request additional legislation looking to an increase of the pension fund.

It is stated that the emperor, upon the occasion of the anniversary of the birthday of his grandfather, Emperor William I, on Friday next, will issue a decree, having for its object to aid the widows and orphans of the war of 1870-71.

A Mysterious Disease.

A mysterious ailment broke out a week ago in Berlin, chiefly in the suburb of Schoenberg. It takes the form of inflammation and pustules in the mouth and throat, accompanied by high fever and thirst. Professor Virchow, who has investigated the outbreak, is of the opinion that it is due to infection by partaking of the milk of diseased cows. Some medical men believe that it is a human form of the foot and mouth disease hitherto peculiar to cattle.

There is no decrease in the spread of the epidemic of influenza. There have been 120 deaths in Berlin alone.

Baron von Schorlemer-Alst, the noted Centrist leader, died yesterday from influenza.

Disheartened by Repeated Failures.

CHICAGO, March 18.—Frank McFarlane, a prominent member of the Chicago board of trade, committed suicide in Washington park, by shooting. In a letter addressed to the public McFarlane says he tried and failed so often since he came on the board that he was at last disheartened, and concluded by warning all honest men to beware of the board of trade.

Cool Judgment Prevails.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Expressions of satisfaction having been made by the Italian government at the steps taken by the Colorado authorities for the apprehension of the murderers of the Italians at Walsenburg, the diplomatic incident occasioned thereby is regarded here as closed for the present.

As in Days of Yore.

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 18.—The government has formally resolved to resume diplomatic relations with Portugal, which were broken off at the time of the close of the rebellion, when a number of insurgents were given refuge on board Portuguese war vessels.

RAID ON A NEWSPAPER

Has Resulted in the Resignation of the Entire Spanish Cabinet.

MADRID, March 18.—The Sagasta ministry has resigned in consequence of the trouble in the chamber of deputies Saturday, when all the reporters withdrew from the house as a protest against the official defense made by the minister of war of the officers who attacked and wrecked the offices of El Globo, the organ of Senor Castelar.

Marshal Martinez de Campos assumed command of the garrison last night.

The government is only able to count on the support of the police, the civil guard having declined to act against the young officers who took part in the riot at the offices of El Globo. The spirit of the garrison shows that almost all the officers sympathize with the rioters.

There is great excitement in the city, and no such military conflict has been seen since the restoration of the monarchy. The queen regent is much affected. Senor Sagasta and his colleagues, with the exception of the minister of war, decided to resign directly they were apprised of the feeling among the military. It has been learned that the military deputation that visited the council formulated conditions that no government could accept.

The Heraldo today says that Marshal de Campos will assume command of the troops in Madrid before he forms a cabinet. General Bermudez Reina, the military governor of Madrid, resigned that position Saturday. The Heraldo further says while the council was sitting last night a deputation of military officers presented itself. It is not known whether the officers were summoned by General Dominguez, the minister of war, or came of their own accord.

Cleveland Newspaper Burned Out.

CLEVELAND, March 18.—The Worthington block, occupied by The World newspaper plant and the A. N. Kellogg Newspaper company, was entirely destroyed by fire last evening. The building was of brick and five stories in height. The loss is $150,000. The cause of the fire is a mystery. It started in the rear on the first floor and spread with great rapidity. The World appeared today as usual.

Unfriendly to Militia.

NEW YORK, March 18.—At a meeting of the Central Labor union a resolution was introduced condemning the bills now before the legislature to increase the efficiency of the militia. It recited that the National Guard was being used to overawe and crush organized labor. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that no union man should belong to the militia.

Nearly Half a Hundred Victims.

VIENNA, March 18.—Forty-three bodies have been recovered from the Hohenegge mine, the scene of a disastrous explosion of fire-damp on Saturday. Archduke Frederick, the owner of the mine, will pay a pension of 100 florins each to the widows. The widows and orphans will also receive a pension from the miners' benevolent fund.

Malays Whipped by Spaniards.

MANILA, March 18.—Spanish forces have defeated the Malay mussulmans at Mindanao. The enemy lost 166 killed, including the Sultan of Mindanao and his son. The Spanish loss was two officers and 15 men killed and 21 officers and 172 men wounded. The Spaniards captured four cannons and a number of rifles.

The Monte Carlo Regatta.

MONTE CARLO, March 18.—In the Monte Carlo regatta yesterday the principal race was for the Monaco prize of 1500 francs, 600 francs and 400 francs, for which the on-the entries were the Prince of Wales' Britannia, A. B. Walker's Alisa, F. W. L. Popham's Corsair and Count Florio's Valkyrie I. The Britannia won.

Variety Performer Killed.

PUEBLO, Colo., March 18.—Fretta Compton, a variety actress, was shot and killed by her husband, Matt Curtis. Curtis says his wife had just retired when he threw his revolver carelessly on a trunk beside the bed and it went off.

From an Abandoned Vessel.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Steamer Phoenicia, from Hamburg, had among her passengers Captain Alley and crew of seven men of the barkentine Alice C. Dickerman, which was abandoned at sea on Feb. 11.

Roasted to Death For Revenge.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 18.—While Catilios Sancodl was asleep, Mariz Garcia, out of a desire for revenge, drenched him with petroleum and afterward set him on fire, resulting in the death of Sancodl.

Ample Time to Repent.

LYNCHBURG, W. VA., March 18.—Walter A. Hamler, the defaulting teller of the First National bank of Lynchburg, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

Pedro Pablo Makes a Stop.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., March 18.—The steam yacht Pedro Pablo, bound for Manzanilla, Cuba, put in here yesterday to have a steam pipe repaired. In Savannah, where she last touched, the vessel was alleged to be a filibusterer.

Politics at Bottom of It.

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 18.—The mutiny of the cadets of the military school has been suppressed, and the cadets, numbering 800, have been expelled. The mutiny was caused by political intrigues.

Boston Team Begins Play Today.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 18.—The Boston Baseball club arrived here yesterday 17 strong. The players are all in fair condition, and, as they get down to work today, expect to be in good shape in 10 days.

Can Japan Ask More?

PEKIN, March 18.—Reliable information is to the effect that Li Hung Chang is authorized by his government to pay and furnish provisions to the Japanese troops at the posts already occupied by the Japanese if Japan will grant an armistice.

Considered a Point Gained.

BERLIN, March 18.—The bi-metallists are jubilant over the proceedings of the state council, presumably because the council rejected an amendment urging the importance of doing nothing to prejudice the present currency system.

A $200,000 Fire at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—The storage warehouse and elevator of Hugh Rogers & Co., dealers in salt and grain, were burned yesterday, causing a loss of $200,000. The fire raged all day, but was confined to the Rogers warehouse.

Killed by Masked Men.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Cornelius Stagg, aged 68, proprietor of a wayside resort, was fatally shot and robbed by two masked men. Stagg was one of the best known men in the state among the sporting element.

Sample of Monarchial Rule.

BERLIN, March 18.—Emperor William has forbidden the officers and men of the Berlin garrison to smoke on the principal streets of the city, because of irregularities in the salutes offered to royal personages.

Rosebery Needs Rest.

LONDON, March 18.—Prime Minister Rosebery has recovered from his recent sickness, but he still suffers from insomnia. His physician has enjoined upon him six months of absolute rest.

An Important Mission.

YOKOHAMA, March 18.—Prince Komatsu has been ordered to the front as commander-in-chief of the expeditionary army, which it is intended shall march on Pekin.

TALE OF HORRORS

By an Eye Witness of the Armenia Atrocities

(Copyrighted, 1895.)

LONDON, March 18.—A special correspondent at Paris, writing under date of Feb. 28, says:

An Armenian refugee has just arrived here after many dangers and privations since his escape from his home at Sassoun. His name is Marto; he is a shepherd, 23 years of age, and though belonging to a race made energetic by the rigors of the climate of their native mountains, and inclined to be taciturn to strangers, he spoke of the horrors of Sassoun with such an angry light in his eyes, and all the time simply straightforwardly, that I could not but feel in listening to his narrative that I was listening to the truth.

I give his words as they fell from his lips after I had told him I wished to know just what had happened under his own eyes. He said:

"My name is Marto. I am the son of Stepan. Our family is called Nelko. The name of our village is Axhbi. In my neighborhood there were also the villages of Khtan, Heting and Gueharash. My village, Axhbi, consisted of 70 houses. Now there remains not a single one, not a single house, all have been destroyed; the people are all killed, save three families. In my family were nine members. There were in all four men in our family; my father was at the head of the family.

Loyal Women.

"By the order of Vali Kaimadkan, Sassoun was attacked by a very great number of Kurds. The Kurds assailed us like wolves, but they could not conquer us. Not only we men took part in the fighting, but all the women, even the old ones—as my mother—tucked up their clothes, armed themselves with daggers and helped us to fight the Kurds. Twenty-one days continued our battle—we beat and we were beaten.

"But we showed no sign of defeat or intention to retire from the battle. When we had succeeded in killing some of the Kurds, Vali Pasha and Vali Kaimadkan sent many regular troops—how many there were I do not know—may be 5000, may be 20,000. One thing is very certain, there remained no place without some soldiers; they placed cannon and began to fire.

"We never before heard the name of cannon, nor had we seen them. At their sound the women fainted, and the shells spread everywhere such terror, death and destruction. The troops wished to show mercy to nobody, not to the children, not to old men. The shells as they burst mowed down all before them as grass before a scythe. We fled, and began to seek refuge in our rocks and caverns, but the cannon continued to sweep away everything, stones and men. The flames and smoke of our burning homes reached us in our caverns.

Would Let None Escape.

"The commanders of the Hamadieh (irregular cavalry) pitched their tents on some of the heights, and with field glasses in their hands they observed the sides of the mountains, and if they perceived near our destroyed houses or behind a stone the head of a man, they ordered the cavalry to go there. And the soldiery cut to pieces all they found there without distinction of age or sex. The heads of the victims were brought as trophies to the commanders.

"Those of us who found refuge in caverns could leave them only during the night, when men went with all kinds of precautions to obtain gigi (a sort of wheat) for food.

"The Kurds committed all kinds of atrocities. They found no pleasure in killing adult men; they hunted for children, threw them on the ground and plunged daggers into their bodies; after this they pitched them into the air and turned the daggers in their bodies, then threw them against a stone, saying: 'When you are grown you would fight us. Better go into hell.' Then they trampled the bodies under foot.

The Escape From Sassoun.

"We decided. I and my two companions, to fly to Russia. We fled from Sassoun and reached the forest. Entering, we found Miro from Khtan, a courageous Sassoun man, from whose mouth flowed blood. We took Miro and carried him secretly, but when we reached the field where the gigi grew, the Kurds saw us and pursued. Then each of us kissed our dying compatriot and fled. The Kurds took Miro, dragged him into a sheepfold and set fire to it—all was burned.

"My uncle was killed in the fight, and the other members of our family took refuge in a cavern, the place being so difficult to reach that we had to draw up the women and children one by one by ropes.

"After many days of flight we came to the village of Sizi and then to Edhnatape. We were six, and all wore strange clothing. We had coats and hats of Moosh. Had we worn our overcoats and our Sassoun hats the Kurds would have recognized us and we would have been killed."

I have no doubt Marto told the truth, and it is well for him he is on Russian soil.

Britons Are Jealous.

BUTTE, Mon., March 18.—J. G. Dixon, who was sent to Honolulu by the house foreign relations committee, has returned. He gives it as his opinion that annexation is inevitable. He says the natives are becoming enthusiastic for annexation, and all favor it excepting the English residents.

Wedding Will Be Private.

LONDON, March 18.—A Paris correspondent takes as granted the betrothal of Princess Helene of Orleans, daughter of the late Count of Paris, to the Duke of Aosta, nephew of King Humbert, and says that the wedding will take place privately in England.

Reina Regente Still Missing.

MADRID, March 18.—A quantity of fresh wreckage, supposed to be from the missing cruiser Reina Regente, has come ashore at Tarifa. All the searches that have been made for the vessel have been fruitless.

Inmates Narrowly Escaped.

MILLERSBURG, O., March 18.—The Holmes county infirmary was burned yesterday, causing a loss of $25,000. The 40 inmates of the institution were rescued with great difficulty.

Buried By Falling Wall.

TOLEDO, March 18.—The roundhouse of the Wabash Railroad company in this city burned to the ground yesterday. One wall of the building, 60 feet in circumference, fell in, burying 12 men underneath it. Two of them were instantly killed, a third died a short time after being taken out of the debris, and the others were all badly hurt, one probably fatally. All but one were employes of the Wabash.

AMY'S SITUATION

A low, narrow room, the single window curtained with coarse white muslin, the floor covered by a scanty carpet—somehow the sunshine brought out every element of poverty in the abode of the widow and her daughter.

"Put on a little more coal, Amy," said Mrs. Ardenham shudderingly, drawing a shawl closer around her frail figure. "It is bitterly cold!"

Amy obeyed silently, yet she could not help noticing how nearly the little stock of fuel was exhausted, and her heart sank a little.

Only a little, though, for Amy was not one of the despoiling kind. She was a sunshiny little creature, full of bright, infectious hopefulness, and somehow in that squalid room she seemed like a fresh rose blossoming in a sandy desert. She was very pretty, with brown, tender eyes, a small coral mouth and cheeks delicately shaded, like the deep incarnadine of the pomegranate flower, and as she took up the newspaper you couldn't help noticing what a white, taper little hand she had, with pink tipped fingers and dimples at every joint.

"Mamma," she said suddenly, "here's an advertisement for a governess."

"Well, what of it?"

"Why, mamma," hesitated Amy, "you know we are very, very poor, and—and I should like very much to earn a little money"—

Mrs. Ardenham had bowed her face upon her hands, and in an instant Amy was kneeling beside her.

"Mamma, darling, don't cry!"

"I did not mean to be so foolish, love, but it all came back to me at that moment—the wealth and station we have lost, the poverty to which we are reduced. Oh, Amy, it is too hard!"

"But think, mamma," said Amy cheerfully, "how delightful it will be for me to make all my accomplishments help us along in the world. May I try for this situation? I should like it so much."

"If you think it best, my child," acquiesced Mrs. Ardenham resignedly.

"Then I must lose no time," said Amy as she began to arrange her hair.

"How do I look, mamma?" she laughed when at length she was ready to depart. And Mrs. Ardenham's admiring glance brought the roses to her cheeks as she tripped away, for she did look very pretty.

"Darling Amy!" pondered the mother, as her light footsteps fled away on the stairs. "She is a perfect little sunbeam in the darkness of my daily existence. Her heart has never ached with the bitter pangs of life's sharpest trials."

But Mrs. Ardenham was mistaken. Amy had tasted the bitter cup—nay, she had drunk it to the very dregs!

* * * * * * *

There was a vein of poetic appreciation somewhere in the jumble of fun and sentiment, good humor and sarcasm that constituted Frank Ashley as he lay lazily on the sofa and playing with two or three golden headed children, who were toddling about the room.

"I'll tell you what, Lizzie," said he to his sister, who sat near, "you spoil these young imps about as completely as any mamma of my acquaintance!"

"As if you didn't spoil 'em ten times worse!" retorted Mrs. Jay, laughing. "When I succeed in obtaining a governess, perhaps they will be put under some sort of discipline. Frank, I have always wondered that you never were married."

"Indeed? Why?"

"You would have made such a nice, domestic sort of husband! I know that that maneuvering Miss Roland laid a desperate seige to your heart, but I thought you disliked her."

"You were right. She was indescribably repellent."

"Then why"—

"Why did I never marry anybody else? Well, I was once in love with one of the sweetest girls, I believe, that ever walked. It was when I was in Washington. She, too, was spending the winter there. At first I thought she encouraged my suit, but all at once she grew cold and distant. I determined at all hazards to know my fate, for I felt how wretched life would be without her. But the very evening that I had resolved to submit my suit to her—we were both invited to a party at Miss Roland's—I learned that she had left the city. Miss Roland told me—not in direct words, of course, but as delicately as possible—that it was to avoid my attentions."

"And did you credit this?"

"Of course. Miss Roland was one of her most intimate friends. I left Washington the next day, and then and there ended all of love that it will ever be my fate to know."

As he ceased speaking a servant came in.

"Mrs. Jay, a lady is below who says she has come to apply for the situation of governess. Shall I show her up?"

Mrs. Jay assented, and the next moment Amy Ardenham entered the room.

"You seem very young," said Mrs. Jay.

"I am 18," said Amy quietly.

Frank Ashley, who had been reading the newspaper, glanced quickly up at the tone of her voice and rose to his feet. At the same instant Amy's eye met his.

"Amy," he exclaimed—"Miss Ardenham!"

But Amy had fainted.

An hour later Frank Ashley was an accepted lover, and the young lady who had promised to "take charge of him" was little Amy.

"Tell me about it, Frank," said his sister when at length he returned from accompanying Amy to her humble tenement, a spot which should soon cease to be "home."

"We have both been the victims of misrepresentation, Lizzie. Miss Roland assured Amy that I was engaged to her. What could Amy do but withdraw?"

"Then she loved you all the time!"

"So she says."

"And instead of my finding a governess you obtain a wife! Oh, Frank, I am very glad!"—New York News.

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26 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, R. I

First class meals on the European plan served at all hours. Oysters furnished in every style

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Quinine Whiskey

Prevents and Cures a Cold.

CREATEST TONIC KNOWN

Sold in all the principal saloons in Newport.

T. J. LYON, Sole Agent.

Nervousness

Is only another name for impure blood, for no person is weak and nervous whose blood is perfectly pure.

When the blood is full of the germs of disease, and lacking in the red corpuscles which give it vitality, when it fails to properly nourish the organs and tissues of the body, what can you expect but that tired feeling and nervousness?

Of course Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Catarrh and Rheumatism are universally recognized as blood diseases, for which Hood's Sarsaparilla, as the best blood purifier, is everywhere acknowled the greatest remedy.

Therefore, as Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all blood diseases, it is the best remedy for that condition of the blood which causes Nervousness.

It is a false idea to think you are curing your nervousness when you are taking a preparation which only *quiets* your nerves! It is like trying to "drown" your sorrows in the flowing bowl. They are *sure to return*.

We wish to make most impressive, then, this truism:

You cannot purify your blood by DEADENING or QUIETING your nerves with opiate, narcotic or nerve compounds. If you take such articles you are only TRIFLING with your troubles. There is SURE to be a REACTION which will leave you worse than you were before.

Why not then, take the true course, follow the bee-line to the state of health, purify your blood and cure your Nervousness by taking

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

NEWPORT POST OFFICE.

Office hours 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 8 to 1 a. m. Money order and registry open 8 a. m to 7 p. m.

Mail Schedule.

Nov. 1, 1894.

NEW YORK, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN—Close, 9:30 a. m., 3:50, 7:30 p. m.; open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 7:30 p. m.

BOSTON AND EASTERN—Close, 7:00, 9:45 a. m. 12:30, 2:30, 4:50, 7:30, p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 6:30 p. m.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 2:30 4:50, 7:30 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 7:30 p. m.

FALL RIVER, MASS.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:50, 7:30 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS.—Close 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 4:50, 7:30 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 6:30 p.m.

BRISTOL FERRY, R. I.—Close, 4:50, 7.30 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.

PORTSMOUTH AND TIVERTON—Close, 7:30 a m, 4:50 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 7:00 p. m.

SOUTH PORTSMOUTH—Close, 7:30 a. m.; open, 7:00 p. m.

JAMESTOWN—Close, 11:30, a. m; open, 9:30 p. m.

WICKFORD, R. I.—Close, 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.; open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

BLOCK ISLAND—Close, 12:00 m. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; open, 11:30 a. m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Sunday—Mails open 8:00 a. m.; close, 5:30 p. m.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH.

Location of Boxes.

3	City Hall.
4	Downing street and Bellevue avenue.
5	Broward Howard's wharf and Thames street
12	Third and Poplar streets.
14	Thames and Poplar streets.
15	Old Colony Round House, private.
16	Second and Cherry streets.
21	No. 4 Engine House, Equality Park.
23	Marlboro' street and Broadway.
24	Bull and Kay streets.
25	Broadway opposite Bedlow avenue.
26	Broadway and Malbone avenue.
27	Catherine street and Rhode Island avenue
28	Gould and Warner streets.
29	Kay and Everett streets
31	Police Station.
32	Hazard avenue
34	Mary and Spring streets.
41	Custom House, Franklin street.
42	Levin and Thomas streets.
43	Bath road and Gibbs avenue.
45	Spring and Pope streets.
46	Parker avenue and Annandale road.
51	No. 6 Engine House, Thames street.
52	Bellevue and Narragansett avenues.
53	East Bowery and Freebody streets.
54	Bellevue and Bancroft avenues.
56	Bellevue avenue and Ledge road.
57	Coggeshall and Wheatland avenues.
62	Connection and Marchant streets.
71	LeRoy and Ochre Point avenues.
103	Beacon Hill.

Fire Department Signals.

FIRST ALARM—Number of either box repeated four times, followed by thirty strokes on the church bells.

SECOND ALARM—22 (1 1 1) struck after a first alarm.

GENERAL ALARM—6 (1 1 1 1 1 1) struck after either the first or second alarm calls out the whole department.

STILL ALARM—2 (1 1) strokes calls emergency corps.

PRACTICE—1 (1) stroke preceding an alarm from either box indicates that the alarm is for practice, and not for fire.

RE CALL—3 (1 1 1) strokes after either alarm indicates that the fire is under control and relieves the companies held in reserve.

FIREWARDS' SPECIAL—3 (1 1 1) strokes call the Firewards to headquarters in special service.

OFFICERS' SPECIAL—1 (1) stroke within thirty minutes after the firewards' special, calls all foremen and assistant foremen to headquarters.

DEPARTMENT SPECIAL—7 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1) strokes within thirty minutes after the firewards special, calls all the firemen to their respective stations, foremen and bell ringers reporting promptly at headquarters for orders

TIME AND TEST OF ALARM—1 (1) stroke at 12 M. and 6 P. M.

School Department Signals.

Thirteen—(1 1 1 1) strokes at the following hours only, viz:—At 6 15 A. M.—No morning session; at 11 40 A. M.—One session; at 1.15 P. M.—No afternoon session.

Police Department Signals.

POLICE SPECIAL—123 (1 11 1) calls all policemen not on duty to report at Police Station.

General Information

Keys of the fire alarm boxes are placed with the residents in the immediate vicinity of the several boxes, also with all the policemen.

Key holders upon positive information of a fire in their immediate vicinity (nearer to that box than any other) may unlock the box and if the small gong in the box is not striking, may pull the hook down once, and let go; if the small gong in the box does not immediately respond by striking the number of the box, and the fire alarm bells are not striking, do not hold down the hook or pull it a second time, but proceed promptly to pull the next nearest box, as the failure of the box to respond on either the gong in the box or on the alarm bells would indicate something wrong with the box or circuit, with which the adjacent boxes would not be affected, as they are arranged on separate circuits.

Key holders are instructed that a box must never be pulled for a fire seen at a distance, or their keys entrusted to boys or irresponsible persons.

One stroke of the alarm bells, or two strokes, with an interval between them, only indicates that the alarm is being tested.

The Chief Engineer will use the fire alarm to transmit his orders to the whole department or any details thereof.

The above details, signals, etc., will be observed and obeyed as a general order and will supersede all other on and after March 31, 1893.

JOHN E. LAKE, Chief Engineer.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

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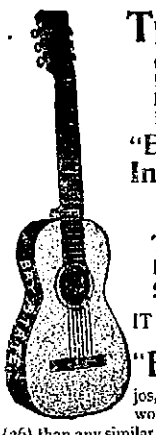

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The best and most economical paint for all purposes. For sale by

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Fine Millinery,

48 WASHINGTON SQ.,

Is now showing some very smart millinery at one half the original price.

Don't Pass This By!

Twenty-five sets best steel tires to arrive from factory today. We can make our PRICES LOWER than ever heretofore. Give us a trial.

STEVENS,

Carriage Manufactory, 48 & 50 Spring St

TWO SUCCESSES.

"Sowing the Wind" and "The New Boy."

There will be but two performances at the Opera House this week, but both will be strong attractions. This evening Sidney Grundy's powerful play, "Sowing the Wind," will be repeated by the company which was here early in the winter, and which is headed by Mr. J. H. Gilmour and Miss Mary Hampton. The late Professor Blackie, the eminent essayist, said of "Sowing the Wind": "It is not merely a play but a sermon, and a sermon more striking and more effective than any I am likely to hear from the best pulpit orator. I say, therefore, that it is not merely unwise in the office bearers of a Christian church to put a stamp of dishonor on the pictorial presentments of the stage, but is the imperious duty of the Christian church to give a public acknowledgment of the sister services of the theatre by the patronage of the drama generally, and specially by individual and official presence at the representation of such highly moral and essentially Christian plays as 'Sowing the Wind,' one of the best sermons, I have no doubt, that was ever preached on Hosea viii: 7."

Wednesday evening James T. Powers will present the comedy, "The New Boy," which has been performed for the four hundred and twenty-seventh time at the London Vaudeville, and has been running under Mr. Powers's direction in New York, Boston and other cities. The presenting company is under the management of Charles Frohman, and includes James T. Powers, Frederic Robinson, Robert Cotton, Helen Kinnland, George Backus, Rachel Booth, W. R. Shirley, Charles Greene, Helen Gardiner and William Cody. In London, where "The New Boy" is now in the second year of its run, it is considered one of the brightest bits of comedy work conceived in years. It is described as being thoroughly original in conception, novel in construction, spirited in action. The humor of the play is evolved by legitimate methods from the ludicrous complications arising from a well told, consistent story, which deals with the troubles of a grown-up man forced by circumstances to take his place among a tribe of brutal school-boys. The author transforms this man into boys' clothes in a much more natural and creditable manner than the author of the famous "Vice Versa" did, and after almost exhausting one with laughter, lapses into intervals of quiet but brilliant comedy, the action always increasing in intensity as it moves on.

E. S. Willard has announced that he will not visit America next season.

Frank Daniels is to be starred next season in "The Wizard," a comic opera by Harry B. Smith.

William Haworth is putting the finishing touches to a new naval drama, to succeed "The Ensign."

A violinist, Herr Burmester, who is said to be a second Paganini, has achieved much success in Berlin recently.

French newspapers are repeating with persistency the report that Christine Nilsson will return to the operatic stage.

Wilton Lackaye, who played the part of Svengali in "Trilby" at Boston last week, will on April 15 launch a new comedy, called "Two of Him."

Mary Shaw has been engaged by Frank Mayo for his new play, "Pudd'n' Head Wilson," with which the actor hopes to retrieve his fortunes.

"The Bathing Girl," a comic opera by American authors, produced in the West by a company managed by Fred C. Whitney, is reported to be a success.

Joseph Jefferson will be at the Providence Opera House April 1 and 2, and will appear in "Rip Van Winkle," "Cricket on the Hearth," and "Lend Me Five Shillings."

Marion Lea, the American leading woman of the Kendals' English company, is the wife of Langdon Mitchell, who in turn is the son of Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, the noted Philadelphia physician.

Walter Damrosch will give in Chicago, at the Auditorium, a practical duplication of the New York season of Wagner opera in German, which consists, according to announced plans, of sixteen opera nights.

Mr. Nikisch conducted at Budapest the other evening the ninety-seventh performance of Goldmark's "Queen of Sheba." The composer had come down from Vienna, and received an ovation when he appeared in the director's box.

"A Gaiety Girl," under the management of Augustin Daly, will be the attraction at the Providence Opera House this week. Peter F. Dailey will present "A Country Sport" at Keith's, J. J. Dowling will appear in "Capt. Herne, U. S. N.," at Trowbridge's Star Theatre, and the French Folly Company will be at the Westminster.

Mr. Haworth's Richard III., which he plays for the first time on any stage next Thursday night at the Castle Square Theatre, Boston, it is said, will be unlike all others in one respect at least. It is his idea that Richard III. should be made handsome as to his face, notwithstanding his physical deformity and his fiendish disposition.

The only interest Charles Frohman will have in the English production of "The Girl I Left Behind Me" will be to collect his royalties, for he has made no other arrangement than to pass the manuscript across the water. It is to be done at the Adelphi, London, April 9, presumably by an English company entirely, as there have been no calls for American artists.

Boston will have several new and very strong attractions next week, including H. Beerbohm Tree at the Tremont Theatre, the Whitney Opera Company in "Rob Roy" at the Castle Square, and Joseph Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle" at the Boston. "Trilby" will be continued at the Park, and Miss Olga Nethersole will present "Frou Frou" and "Romeo and Juliet" at the Museum.

Mme. Rejane has concluded her appearances in "Mme. Sans Gene" at Abbey's Theatre, New York, and will now be seen there in other works of her repertoire, such as "Ma Cousine," "The Doll's House" (by Ibsen), and other works which have led to her wonderful fame for versatility in her own country. Mme. Rejane will appear at the Tremont, Boston, about the middle of May.

Edwin Booth's nephew, Creston Clarke, who was three years ago with Julia Marlowe, and who has much of the Booth grace and charm, starts out seriously next season to strive for his late uncle's place. He has signed a contract for five years with a well-known and experienced manager, James Murray, late of Philadelphia, and will have a very large repertoire, including nearly all of Edwin Booth's parts, with David Garrick thrown in.

Miss Olga Nethersole begins this evening a three weeks' engagement at the Boston Museum; Mr. Joseph Haworth, at the Castle Square Theatre, will present "Richard III" for his farewell performances; John Drew, at the Hollis, will give "Christopher, Jr.;" "Trilby" will be continued at the Park, "Prince Pro Tem" will be the attraction at the Grand Opera House, Joseph Murphy will be at the Bowdoin Square, and Fanny Davenport begins her last week in "Gismonda," at the Boston.

"Gossip," the play by Clyde Fitch and Leo Dietrichstein, which Mrs. Langtry has just produced at Palmer's, was originally taken by Augustin Daly for Ada Rehan, who held it for some time, and it was announced for production, but Miss Rehan finally decided that the part was not congenial to her, and so it was returned to the author. Dietrichstein, who has made a hit as Zou Zou in "Trilby," will be recalled by all who saw the "Other Man" at the Hollis Street, Boston, last season, for his very clever performance of the prince in the humorous barracks scene.

Here is a good story of W. S. Gilbert: He recently attended a performance in London of the "Flauto Magico." A lady who sat next him was much pleased with the music, and tapping her neighbor on the sleeve politely asked him the name of the composer. Mr. Gilbert looked at her in astonishment, and was on the point of saying "Sir Arthur Sullivan," when his tendency toward humor was repressed by the earnestness of her face, and he answered that he believed Mozart was generally accredited with the opera. The lady was much obliged for the information, but, she said frankly, she had never heard of the musician. "He writes very prettily," she declared; "has he brought out anything else lately?" "No," replied Mr. Gilbert, solemnly, "he has not!" "But why?" asked the lady. "He is such a clever man. Is he lazy? Why isn't he composing now?" "Because, madam," replied Gilbert, gravely, "because he is now decomposing."

THE NEW CUP DEFENDER.

Additional facts regarding the new cup defender have been gathered. The latest design by Captain "Nat" Herreshoff shows courage, progress and intelligence—courage, because it is the most radical departure ever made in the fin keel type of craft, and this expression is intended to show that she is not a ballast, or portable fin boat; progress, because the new cup defender strikes out in new and radical lines, up to date, in all strong essentials; intelligence, because the boat shows advanced originality, and is not such as any other designer has wrought out or thought of.

The shape of the lead keel is unlike any other lead keel yet run, and its shape shows thorough study. It is easy of curvature, has just enough round to it for a good sidewise grip, and is sure to hold the boat from falling off to leeward. It meets the water in a sort of smooth, mackerel shape, a form which offers but little resistance. The keel is thirty-five feet on the top, two feet across, and at the largest part of the round measures three feet. It is five feet deep and weighs not far from sixty-five tons. The boat measures 125 feet over all.

The principal feature of her design is the shape of her mid-section, the all important matter of any design. The area of the midship section is not far from 110 square feet, and the coefficient of the block, or the area taken by the section from the circumscribed parallelogram, is not far from 35. Her displacement is small, hardly up to 140 tons. The construction, on account of her great girth and the tieing up of the frames and decks in order that they may hold together, cuts into her displacement, and is a bit above the weight of other boats of the racing element. This, however, has been fully made up for by using aluminum bronze for plating, which, for this ship, is at least four tons lighter than either composite or Tobin bronze construction. In the selection of the plating Designer Herreshoff again shows that he is up in the latest metal.

The yacht's wetted surface is not far from 2,500 feet, and the area of the lateral plane is about nine hundred square feet. By comparison with the Vigilant, the new cup defender, though with eight feet more draught and a longer water line, has the same wetted surface, with about the same area for her lateral plane. The designer's work shows a clear gain also over the Wasp and Gloriana, where little thought was given to quickness in the stays. This defect has been remedied, and the new boat can be well classed as "a clever pivoter." Taking the design and all that goes to make it up, it is a big advance, and in the right direction. It is easy of form all over, of not extreme overhang, the quarters low and capable of gaining power and length when reaching or running. The lead keel is bolted to the frames with bronze bolts, which go through the cast bronze plates, which fit exactly over the top of the lead keel and are attached to it. The angle frames will be of steel, of the same size as the Vigilant's. They are a little thicker, however, and consequently a little heavier per running foot. The frames are spaced twenty inches on the centres. No new angle irons have yet arrived, but the main frames will be three by two and a half inches, and of steel. The stem and stern posts are of bronze, the former being knife-edged. The aluminum bronze plating will average one-fourth of an inch, though the garboard and lower streaks will be a little thicker. The metal plates which go on top of the keel are cast in three separate pieces, the total lengths being just under 35 feet.

The construction is most costly. It goes beyond any sum yet laid out on a racing boat. To save weight aloft, the topsides will probably be plated with aluminum. If this is done the centre of gravity of weight of the hull will be lowered, a great advantage, because such a lowering of the centre of weights gives additional power to an already nicely turned boat.

The 1895 yacht is a departure away from both the 46-footer Wasp and the 85-footer Colonia. Neither is she like the Vigilant, with her round shaped mid-section, with its no stability of form, a boat which, notwithstanding her wide beam, often rolled out and had decks awash in strong breezes. The new boat will stand up, and there will be no big side thrown up to weather, thus causing windage. Her approximate dimensions are: Length over all, 125 feet; extreme beam, 22 plus inches; extreme draught, 22 feet, 10 inches. In a word, the new cup defender is a good one, and it is safe to state that nothing before constructed here would be able to save defeat even on time allowance.—[Letter to New York Herald.

MR. J. J. ASTOR CHARTERS A SCHOONER YACHT.

It is reported that John Jacob Astor has chartered schooner yacht Columbia from J. T. Perkins, of the Atlantic Yacht Club, and is having her fitted at Port Jefferson, Long Island, for cruises in home waters during the coming season. The big boat—her tonnage is 150—will be as well appointed a craft as can be found in her class, while as a racer, in spite of the fact that she is intended for a comfortable and commodious cruiser, she is by no means to be despised. Captain Jeffrey has been engaged as her skipper. Steam yacht Nourmahal will also be put in commission, so that Mr. Astor and his family can do their cruising by steam or sail, as it pleases them.—[New York World.

Lafayette Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Fall River, has appointed a committee to visit Washington and consult Attorney Satolli in relation to the recent condemnation of the Pythians, and learn what, if anything, can be done to have the decision reversed.

TRULY ASTONISHING.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

AS SOME MYSTERIOUS WANDERER OF THE SKIES.

As some mysterious wanderer of the skies,
Emerging from the deeps of outer dark,
Traces for once in human ken the arc
Of its stupendous curve, then swiftly flies
Out through some orbit veiled in space, which lies
Where no human imagination may embark—
Some onward reaching track that God did mark

For all eternity beneath his eyes—
So comes the soul forth from creation's vast,
So clothed with mystery moves through mortal sight,
Then slips away into the Great Unknown.
What system it hath seen in all the past,
What worlds shall blaze upon its future flight,
Thou knowest, eternal God, and thou alone!
—[Henry Jerome Stockard, in the Century for March.

FANCIES.

Greene—The pope ought to canonize Columbus.

White—What did he do for the church?

Greene—Discovered America.—[Puck.

Newwed—There's no place like home after all.

Oldwed—Especially when your wife is cleaning house.—[Brooklyn Life.

"What d'yer call that, waiter?"

"That, sir, is *fromage de brie*."

"Doubts, is it? I thought it smelt like the remains of something. Take it away."—[Truth.

Robbins—Do you buy your clothes ready-made?

Mack—Certainly. You didn't suppose I made them myself, did you?—[Smith, Gray & Co.'s Illustrated Monthly.

Pedestrian—Hi, there! Call off your dog.

Man Back of Fence—I can't do it!

Pedestrian—Can't? Ain't he your dog?

Man Back of Fence—Yes; but I just bought him, and I forgot to ask his name.—[Puck.

Nodd—My wife is fitting up a room for her gymnasium.

Todd—I shouldn't think you would encourage her in any such fad.

Nodd—In this case it's all right. She's going to learn how to board a cable car.—[Brooklyn Life.

Bulkote—Don't you think your sister will be awfully sorry to marry and leave a nice little boy like you?

The Pet—Gosh! yes. She said she'd 'a'got married a dozen times over if it hadn't been for me.—[Smith, Gray & Co.'s Illustrated Monthly.

Mrs. Norton—You cannot always go by appearances; sometimes a man of mean exterior may be very rich.

Mr. Norton (who has just paid for his Louis XV furniture)—Yes; and often a man with a costly interior may be very poor.—[Smith, Gray & Co.'s Illustrated Monthly.

Johnny—What is the difference between a battle and a duel, mamma?

Mamma—A battle is between a number of people. A duel is between only two.

Johnny—Oh, I see. You and papa fight duels. But when grandmamma comes here, and Uncle Jim, then it is a battle.—[Truth.

"No man ever obtained anything worth having without working hard for it," said Mrs. Bickers to her husband, who was in a discouraged mood.

"That's so," replied Mr. Bickers, reflectively. "I remember that I obtained you without the slightest difficulty."—[Harper's Bazar.

Master—Oh, will you get me my boots?

Maid—It what?

Master—Oh, if you please.

Maid—If you please what?

Master—Will you kindly get me my boots, if you please, miss?

Maid—That's better. No, I won't!—[New York Tribune.

PERSONALS.

....The King of Corea has assumed the title of emperor, foreign papers say, having issued the proclamation to that effect about two months ago.

....Rev. Dr. E. Winchester Donald, rector of Trinity Church, Boston, is to speak on "The Expansion of Religion" in the Lowell course of lectures.

....M. Casimir-Perier, ex-president of France, has returned to Paris, and those who have met him say that he looks like a different man, at least five years younger than when carrying the burdens of office.

....Miss Mary Powderly, a native of Randolph, Mass., has been appointed assistant private secretary to Lady Henry Somerset. Miss Powderly accompanied Lady Henry on her tour through this country as her stenographer. She is now on her way to England with her employer, whom she will accompany on an extended European trip.

....The engagement is announced of Miss Edith Bronson, daughter of the late Arthur Bronson, formerly of New York, to Count Cosimo Rucellai, of the Italian navy. Miss Bronson lives with her mother, who is a sister of Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, in Venice. Her father was a cousin of Mr. Frederic Bronson of New York. Mrs. Arthur Bronson was a great friend of the poet browning, who dedicated his last book to her.

....Mrs Samuel Crawbaugh of Cleveland, Ohio, is the first woman in Ohio to register as a qualified voter. She went to the board of election rooms in Cleveland the other day, and remarked that she desired to register, as she would be out of the city on the regular registration days. She said she was sixty-one years old. Secretary Rowbottom placed the pen which she used in the safe, and will present it to the Western Reserve Historical Society.

....The following story is told in the Epworth Era of Rev. H. S. Thrall, one of the pioneers of Methodism in Texas: In company with a number of itinerants who were on their way to conference, Dr. Thrall stopped to spend the night with an old farmer. It was the custom then to settle the bill at night, so that they might rise about 3 o'clock in the morning and ride a good way before breakfast, and lie by in the heat of the day. Dr. Thrall, acting as spokesman of the party, said to the old farmer after supper: "We are a company of Methodist preachers going to conference. If you will get the family together we will have prayers with you." After prayers one by one settled his bill. Dr. Thrall's turn came and he asked for his bill. The old farmer replied: "Well, pa'son, I charged the rest twenty-five cents, but bein' as you prayed for us so good, I won't charge you but twenty cents." The brethren had the laugh on Dr. Thrall.

JOAN OF ARC.

Among all the features announced for early publication in the magazines, none is awaited with a livelier curiosity than the "Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc," of which the first instalment will appear in the April number of Harper's. The only story of a noble life which comes to us under oath, the only one which comes to us from the witness-stand, Jeanne's biography—although it deals with a flawless character worn (like the jewel in the toad's head) as an incomparable adornment by the wickedest of centuries—is not to be regarded as fiction. It is history in the main; and as for the picturesque details that have been added by one who is feigned to have been "her page and secretary," these particulars are from the hand of "the most popular of living American magazine writers"—whoever he or she may be.

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SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6:00 p m; return, 4:30 a m. Middletown, Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Somerset, Dighton, North Dighton, Weir Village, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, and New Bedford, 5:00 p m.

a Park Square Station.
b Park Square Station, boat from Fall River.
d Boat from Fall River.
e From the wharf. No tickets sold at wharf.

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Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12:30 P. M.; returning leave Block Island Monday, Wednesday and Fridays at 8:30 A. M., weather permitting.

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Boston, "	1 15	7 30	11 00
New York	4 30	11 00	B
LEAVE NIGHT.	PM AM	AM	PM PM
New York *12 00	.	5 00	1 00
Boston		10 00	3 00
Providence	6 40	11 18	5 00
Newport, arrive	8 25	8 35	1 00	7 00
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MASSAGE

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The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1895.

ANOTHER GOLD SCARE.

The news from the East has started a new gold scare. If the demand of Japan for $250,000,000 indemnity from China, to be paid in gold, is met, financiers declare that the money cannot be raised and paid over without seriously affecting all markets and the money systems of all nations.

China has but very little gold of her own. Both she and Japan use silver, principally, as currency, and so neither has made especial efforts to secure or retain the yellow metal in quantities. The latest estimates are to the effect that if all the gold in China could be got together, it would not equal in value a hundredth part of the sum named.

Where then can China get the gold with which to pay the indemnity? A few facts will help explain the situation. It is shown that the annual production of gold in the whole world is far less than the sum demanded. It was, in 1893, $155,521,700. A very large part of this is consumed in the arts, and so cannot be used as money. Even if all the free gold produced in the next year were available, full $200,000,000 in addition would have to be procured from the money centres of Europe and America. As is well known, the United States has no gold to spare, and European countries could not meet the demand without producing the most serious disturbances in business circles, while drawing supplies from all quarters.

As Japan and China use silver, and have it in abundance, the indemnity could be paid in that metal without any serious disturbance of the world's markets. America has silver enough and to spare, and possibly such a call might, to some extent, help settle the controversy now in progress over free silver coinage.

It is difficult to see just how China could get enough gold to meet the demand. Her bonds might be good, but we suspect the Celestial Empire would be compelled to submit to a great shave on the part of the money lenders of Europe, to be measured only by the necessities of their customer.

If possible, Japan should be induced to accept payment in silver, and so not compel China to send her silver and her promises to pay to the gold markets of Europe. She should certainly extend the time of payment over a series of years, in deference to the interests of friendly nations, who otherwise must be seriously injured. Perhaps China would do well to pay the price in land, rather than money, as Japan needs more territory and might be willing to settle in that way.

SAINT PATRICK.

We do not count ourselves among the world's hero worshippers, but would give every man in the past, as in the present, the measure of praise which is his due. And among the workers of the early Christian centuries who deserve well of succeeding generations is Ireland's patron saint, whose anniversary has just been celebrated. As through the force of circumstances the sons of Ireland have come to be scattered over a large portion of the earth, St. Patrick's day is now honored in so many lands that it has come to possess a world-wide significance.

There is no good reason why the Catholics alone should honor the name and memory of St. Patrick. He lived and died a thousand years or more before the present distinctions between Catholicism and Protestantism were known. In his life work as a missionary and Christian teacher, he represented the only church of his time, and was most eminently successful in carrying its truths to a pagan land and establishing the forms and institutions of Christianity then existing. The Irish people had reason to be proud of him and of his work long before the division which came through the protests of Martin Luther and his coadjutors, and there is no reason why Christian nationalities beside Ireland should not count him one of the most successful missionary workers of his age.

St. Patrick, today, stands for the Christianity of the fifth and sixth centuries, which he fitly represented and in which he was one of the most conspicuous workers. Some people who misjudge the situation were surprised on one occasion when the pastor of one of the Protestant churches in this city counted St. Patrick among the early Christian workers entitled to the highest praise. But such is only a just and fair estimate of his character, and Protestants should not esteem him less worthy because Catholics are zealous to do him honor. The reports show that yesterday's anniversary was largely observed, and it is in evidence that St. Patrick's day is not losing its significance among those who feel especially interested in his history and work.

DOWN IN THE SLUMS.

Governor Greenhalge visited the slums of Boston last evening, in search of information at first hand. He found his way into several dance halls, the Italian theatre, a Chinese opium joint and lodging houses in various quarters. He concluded that he had "enough" of such sights for one night, and retired to think the matter over and see what can be done in the premises.

The Post says: "The impression gained by the governor on his visit to the Italian colony is what might be expected. He saw there a people who put the American flag above the flag of Italy, who have the American spirit, who appreciate the opportunities of citizenship in a free land, and who readily assimilate with our people. In the Chinese quarter, he found a race to which assimilation is impossible. And he found a good many other suggestive things."

TOO MUCH FOR SPEED.

It sounds oddly enough to hear that the Marblehead after leaving Newport put into Halifax for coal. The vessel took on board all she could possibly carry when here, including a deck load in bags, and if that was not sufficient to take her across the Atlantic it would be better to keep her at home. Unfortunately, too many of the ships in our new navy were built for speed at the expense of other good qualities, and the Marblehead is one of them. No more premiums should be paid for extra speed over a short course, which is of far less importance than some of the qualities, positive and negative, which are sacrificed.

SOUND MONEY.

The criticisms on the recent Republican convention in Rhode Island, for not declaring itself on the silver question, do not appear to be wholly merited. To be sure, the convention did not descend to details, but its platform practically covers the matters in controversy, though in somewhat guarded language. This is what it had to say:

"We protest against cheap money, the destruction of our banking system, the establishment of state banks, and all other Democratic and Populist theories, by which is sought to make something out of nothing, and to use that something in the payment of labor and indebtedness. Safety to business demands a currency every dollar of which is equal in value to every other dollar throughout our vast territory and in the marts of the world."

The authorities of Attleboro, in granting a street railway franchise, inserted a condition that "no tree planted in any street shall be interfered with, cut or mutilated for the purpose of erecting any such pole or wire without permission from the selectmen." This is a condition which should be insisted upon in every case where wires are allowed to be strung. Electric wires are essential in these days, and when permitted overhead should not be allowed to disturb the harmonies previously existing.

The Boston papers are not quite willing to admit the truth of the statement made by Mr. Gove that there has not been an honest election and a fair count in their city for fifteen years. And yet, if we remember rightly, these same newspapers have been making charges of this character, some on one side and some on the other, at each political contest during all that time. Either the partisan newspapers have been lying magnificently during the past fifteen years, or Mr. Gove is now telling the truth.

Mayor Schieren, in his testimony before the investigating committee, said he did not approve the municipal ownership of street railroads, and did approve the licensing of motormen. It is evidently his opinion that cities would make worse work in managing such business than do the companies. The mayor testified that he had several times served as an arbiter in labor disputes, and was familiar with the points raised.

The supreme court of Illinois has made the important decision that a law regulating the hours of employment of women in factories is unconstitutional. If this be true in case of women, why are not a good many other so-called labor laws unconstitutional?

That treaty between China and Japan, which some of the newspapers reported a week or so ago as having been negotiated, has not yet made its appearance. At the time when the report was made the commissioners had not even had a meeting.

President Cleveland fully approves Secretary Gresham's decision that the interference with steamer Alliance was a belligerent act, for which an ample apology must be made at once. So do all the people.

The governor of Colorado offers $1,000 reward for the men who murdered the Italians. It might well be $10,000, if that be necessary to secure the conviction of the criminals.

The Newport Democrats have made good nominations for the General Assembly, and it is understood have strong hopes of electing the ticket in whole or in part.

Spain is having "a crisis." Her ministry has resigned, and affairs generally are in a disturbed condition.

All kinds of weather are expected in March. But it is of no use to grumble about it.

There appears to be a lull in the city hall discussion.

THE FAN IS GOING OUT.

The fan's day is over. Rarely brought to the opera now, it lies idly in the lap when there, all forgetful of its former sprightliness, like an old first-nighter gone to sleep in the middle of the ballet. *Requiescat in pace*, and good riddance. It had its beauty, but to a Northern born woman it was always a foreign and awkward tool.

This disappearance of the fan is important for two reasons. In the first place, it shows that the ideal of manners has changed. We once took our inspiration from the South, where movement is one-half at least of speech, and for Southern women the fan was invented by Venus herself, "to heighten the graces of beauty, to entice zephyrs to attend on her and light loves to slide into her breast," etc., but the Northern ideal has more or less triumphed, repose is now the word, and to flutter a fan in company is bad form. And it shows in the second place where to save a needless expense. Since its effect goes for nothing, one's money is better saved to put into another gown or another toy. The thing to buy now is a jeweled lorgnette.—[Philadelphia Times.

THE SURPRISES IN A PAIR OF SKI.

There is nothing peculiarly malignant in the appearance in a pair of ski. They are two slips of elm wood, eight feet long, four inches broad, with a square heel, turned-up toes, and straps in the centre to secure your feet. No one, to look at them, would guess at the possibilities which lurk in them. But you put them on, and you turn with a smile to see whether your friends are looking at you, and then the next moment you are boring your head madly into a snowbank, and kicking frantically with both feet, and half-rising, only to butt viciously into that snowbank again, and your friends are getting more entertainment than they had ever thought you capable of giving.

This is when you are beginning. You naturally expect trouble then, and you are not likely to be disappointed. But as you get on a little, the thing becomes more irritating. The ski are the most capricious things upon the earth. One day you cannot go wrong with them. On another, with the same weather and the same snow, you cannot go right. And it is when you least expect it that things begin to happen. You stand on the crown of a slope, and you adjust your body for a rapid slide; but your ski stick motionless, and over you go on your face. Or you stand upon a plateau which seems to you to be as level as a billiard table, and in an instant, without cause or warning, away they shoot, and you are left behind, staring at the sky. For a man who suffers from too much dignity a course of Norwegian snow-shoes would have a fine moral effect.

Whenever you brace yourself for a fall, it never comes off. Whenever you think yourself absolutely secure, it is all over with you. You come to a hard ice slope at an angle of seventy-five degrees, and you zig-zag up it, digging the side of your ski into it, and feeling that if a mosquito settles upon you, you are gone. But nothing ever happens, and you reach the top in safety. Then you step upon the level to congratulate your companion, and you have just time to say, "What a lovely view is this!" when you find yourself standing upon your two shoulder-blades, with your ski tied tightly round your neck. Or, again, you may have had a long outing without any misfortune at all, and as you shuffle back along the road, you stop for an instant to tell a group in the hotel veranda how well you are getting on. Something happens—and they suddenly find that their congratulations are addressed to the soles of your ski. Then, if your mouth is not full of snow, you find yourself muttering the names of a few Swiss villages to relieve your feelings. "Ragatz!" is a very handy word, and may save a scandal.

But all this is in the early stage of ski-ing. You have to shuffle along the level, to zigzag, or move crab fashion, up the hills, to slide down without losing your balance, and, above all, to turn with facility. The first time you try to turn, your friends think it is part of your fun. The great ski flapping in the air has the queerest appearance—like an exaggerated nigger dance. But this sudden whisk round is really the most necessary of accomplishments; for only so can one turn upon the mountain side without slipping down. It must be done without ever presenting one's heels to the slope, and this is the only way.—[A. Conan Doyle, in St. Nicholas.

A JAPANESE ON JAPAN—CHINA WAR.

M. Takaki, the Japanese student at the Johns Hopkins, who is becoming well known as an interesting lecturer, spoke recently in the Second English Lutheran Church on "The Outcome of the Japanese War." The speaker reviewed the history of the war, its causes, and incidents of its inception and progress, and warmly defended his countrymen against the charge of barbarity. The outcome of the war and its effect on Japan would be, first, that Japan would be more closely united than ever before, and become a far stronger and compact nationality. The barriers between the highest and the lowest classes in Japan had, he said, been broken down in the one all-pervading spirit of patriotism. He told several instances of that patriotism, how poor widows gave their mites and children their money to the national fund for prosecuting the war.

Secondly, he said, the effect of the war was to foster the spirit of independence and self-reliance among the Japanese. Heretofore Japan had been a child, learning at the foot of America with perfect confidence, taking for granted that everything American was right. But since they had fought a great war, with every man in the army a Japanese, from field marshal to coolie, Japanese doctors and tacticians, they have become self-reliant; and while they still would learn from America, they would learn only such things as were best adapted to the spirit and genius of their race.

It will tend to Christianize Japan. After the war is over, the Japanese, united by a common patriotism, will progress in civilization, and in time will accept the Bible as the word of God. You cannot Americanize Japan, however, and we will have a modification of any of the present Christian denominations to suit our own customs and habits.—[Baltimore American.

A CURIOUS ASTRONOMICAL EVENT.

If some astronomical calculations recently made may be believed, the planets which gravitate around the sun will next month, about Easter time, be in relatively the same position in the heavens as they were in the spring of 29 A. D., which is the year when Jesus Christ is generally supposed to have been crucified and to have risen from the dead. Not since that time has this coincidence recurred.

Each of the heavenly bodies has its own time for making a revolution around the sun, and these times differ widely. The earth, as everybody knows, goes around once every year. Mercury takes but a quarter of this time, while Saturn is employed for nearly thirty years in making a circuit of the path laid out for him. Consequently, in all these hundreds of years, they have never yet moved into the same positions which they occupied in the month of April, 29 A. D. Neither are they expected by astronomers to be in exactly the same positions as they were then, for the attraction of other planets and of the sun has caused variations in their respective cycles during these eighteen centuries. It is for this reason that the recurrence of a similar condition of the skies possesses no scientific interest to the astronomer. But to the millions of Christian people all over the world it is an important coincidence that they should see, during holy week of this year, the heavenly bodies almost as they were when Christ looked up to them nightly in the rapid succession of events which marked the fortnight preceding his crucifixion.

That the last year which Christ spent upon earth was really the year 29, A. D., is a question which is not settled. It and each of the four years succeeding it have been named by Biblical scholars who have compared the chronology of events mentioned in the New Testament with the dates as given in Josephus and the best Roman historians. Christ is supposed to have been thirty-three years old when his life upon earth was ended. This would naturally seem to make his crucifixion occur in the thirty-third year of what is called the Christian era. But the Christian era was first invented five hundred years after his death by a learned monk called Dionysius Exiguus, and it is now admitted that its inventor made an error in his calculation of at least four years, and that the birth of Christ really occurred in the year which is now called 4 B. C. This would make 29 A. D. the most probable date for his crucifixion. But the Encyclopædia Britannica and a number of German scholars favor 30 A. D., and this would make Easter-tide of next year, and not this year, the date at which the similar position of the planets can be recalled.—[Philadelphia Ledger.

Mr. Pierre Lorillard's houseboat Caiman has arrived at Jacksonville, Fla., from the Indian river, where she has been for several months, with Mr. Lorillard and a party of friends aboard. The Caiman is en route north, and called for coal. Mr. Lorillard and his friends started by rail several days ago.

It is probable that further inquiry will be made to ascertain why the Marblehead fell below expectation in carrying enough coal to cross the Atlantic without stop.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder will please return to Box 52, Daily News Office.

LOST—On Thursday, a book belonging to Redwood Library. Finder will be rewarded upon returning to Daily News Office.

LOST—A square purse containing two keys and a small sum of money. Please return to the office.

FOR SALE.

STOCK FOR SALE.
Five shares Arctic Ice Company. As the company now has nearly a two years' supply on hand it is a good time to buy.
WM. G. WARD, 109 Thames Street.

Organ for Sale.
A second-hand parlor organ in good condition. Address Box 33, Daily News Office.

NOTICES.

Card From Nina Circle.

THE PRESIDENT of Nina Circle, King's Daughters, wishes to notify recipient of the "chain of letters" sent out by that circle that there is no longer any need for responses and wishes to thank those who have already replied.
ANNIE T. GILPIN, Secretary.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that A. M. Holm of Newport, R. I., has made an assignment to me of all his property for the benefit of his creditors. All persons indebted to said A. M. Holm will make payment to me, and all persons having claims against him will present the same to me.
WM. L. TILLEY,
185 Thames street,
Newport, R. I.
Newport, R. I., March 13th, 1895.

OFFICE OF THE
CITY SEALER
OF
WEIGHTS AND MEAURSES.

CITY WHARF
NEWPORT, R. I., March 14, 1895.

I HEREBY give notice as required by law, to all persons engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who uses Weights and Measures, to bring in to the Sealer's Office within one month from the 1st day of April, his Weights, Measures and Balances to be adjusted and sealed.

The law on Weights and Measures and Sealing, Chap. 131, Sec. 13, is as follows:

"Every person engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who shall use or permit to be used for him, any weight, measure or balance of whatever description, unless such weight, measure or balance shall have been duly sealed in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, shall forfeit the sum of twenty dollars."
JOHN H. STACY,
City Sealer of Weights and Measures.

All measures, both dry and wet, must be brought to the Sealer's Office. Where it is not convenient for dealers to bring in their scales and weights, I shall call on them after the expiration of one month's notice as above.
JOHN H. STACY, City Sealer.

For the convenience of milkmen I will be at office this month out. Office hours 10 to 12 A. M.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NEWPORT, R. I., Feb 9, 1895.—Sealed proposals in triplicate, for DREDGING on Green Jacket Shoal, Providence Harbor, R. I., in Hyannis, Edgartown, and New Bedford Harbors, and Canapitsit Channel, Mass., and for BREAKWATER CONSTRUCTION at Nantucket, Mass., will be received here until 12 o'clock, noon, March 20, 1895, and then opened. Full information furnished on application. W. H. BIXBY, Capt., Corps of Engrs., U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF AND FRESH VEGETABLES.—Office of Chief Commissary of Subsistence, No. 39 Whitehall St., New York, Feb. 20, 1895.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, each triplicate having attached thereto, as part thereof, copy of this advertisement with copy of circular for information of bidders annexed, will be received at their offices by acting commissaries of subsistence of following posts, respectively, until 12 o'clock M., MONDAY, April 15, 1895, at which places and time they will be opened in presence of attending bidders, for furnishing and delivering at the posts, respectively, the fresh beef required for use there-of during six months commencing July 1, 1895, viz: Fort Adams, R. I.; Fort Barrancas, Fla.; Columbus Barracks, Ohio; Fort Columbus, N. Y.; David's Island, N. Y.; Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Jackson Barracks, La.; Madison Barracks, N. Y.; Fort McHenry, Md.; Fort McPherson, Ga.; Fort Monroe, Va., Fort Myer, Va.; Fort Niagara, N. Y.; Plattsburgh Barracks, N. Y.; Fort Porter, N. Y.; Fort Preble, Me.; Fort Schuyler, N. Y.; St. Francis Barracks, Fla.; Fort Thomas, Ky.; Fort Trumbull, Conn.; Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.; Fort Warren, Mass.; and Washington Barracks, D. C. Also the fresh vegetables (potatoes and onions) required for use at above-named posts, (except Forts Adams, McPherson, and Myer, and St. Francis Barracks and Washington Barracks,) during five months, commencing July 1, 1895; and in addition to potatoes and onions, at Jackson Barracks, cabbage, turnips, and beets; and at Fort McHenry and Plattsburgh Barracks, cabbage. Proposals will be also received, stating price at which contractor will deliver to acting commissary of subsistence fresh beef, to be, when delivered, of temperature not greater than 50 degrees Fahrenheit. Right is reserved to reject any or all bids. For blank proposals and copies of advertisement with copy of circular for information of bidders annexed, apply to acting commissaries of subsistence of posts, respectively, for supplying of which with an article or articles it is desired to bid. Each proposal should be inclosed in a sealed envelope, marked "Proposals to be opened April 15, 1895," and addressed to acting commissary of subsistence of post to which it relates. J. W. BARRINGER, Colonel and A. C.-G. S., Chief C. S.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

Eggs! Eggs! Eggs!
Strictly Fresh Eggs
17c. a dozen.
6 1-2 Dozen for $1.00.
—AT—
A. A. Hunt & Co's,
151 THAMES STREET.

Bath Road Closed.

BATH ROAD from Channing avenue to the Beach is closed to travel while repairs are being made to the Beach wall.
J. P. COTTON,
Street Commissioner.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 18, 8 A. M.—For Massachusetts and Rhode Island—Fair; slightly colder Tuesday morning; high westerly winds, decreasing in force.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, March 18, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity until Tuesday night—Fair; slight changes in temperature, followed by colder Tuesday evening and night; brisk westerly winds, diminishing in force.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Pleasant skies are reported in nearly all sections of the country. A storm passed rapidly down the St. Lawrence valley yesterday, causing a few local snows in that region and in northern New England; elsewhere little precipitation has occurred in the past twenty-four hours. The outlook seems favorable for two fair days, possibly three, in this vicinity. The barometer is slightly below the normal in southwestern Kansas, where a storm may be developing, but otherwise there is no indication of the approach of foul weather. Strong westerly winds prevail over the northeast, the highest velocity up to 8 A. M. being fifty-six miles at Father point, Quebec. The temperature does not present any marked features. The morning readings range from about zero, in the St. Lawrence valley, to 15 and 20 degrees above, in the upper valleys and the Northwest. The temperature is in general above freezing in southern districts, although light frosts prevailed last night in the South Atlantic states. The extremes in New England are 10, at Northfield, Vt., and 31, at Nantucket. It is mostly clear in the southern half of this district, and cloudy and somewhat threatening in northern parts. Brisk to high west winds prevail on the Middle Atlantic and New England coasts, with storm signals displayed northward to Eastport.
J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 18	8 A M	12 M	2 P M
Temperature,	31	33	38
Barometer,	29.50	29.54	29.57
Wind,	NW	W	NW
Weather,	Clear	Fair	Clear

MINAITURE CALENDAR.

MONDAY, MARCH 18.

Sun rises	5 h 51 m
Sun sets	5 h 51 m
Moon rises A M	1 h 54 m
Length of day	12 h 00 m
Day's increase	2 h 59 m
High water	1 h 00 m A M; 1 h 54 m P M

TUESDAY, MARCH 19.

Sun rises	5 h 49 m
Sun sets	5 h 55 m
Moon rises A M	2 h 43 m
Length of day	12 h 06 m
Day's increase	3 h 02 m
High water	2 h 01 m A M; 3 h 01 m P M

Moon's Phases.
New Moon, March 26, 5 h 25 m, A M, E
First Quarter, April 2, 4 h 28 m, P M E
Full Moon, April 9, 8 h 43 m, A M, W
Last Quarter, April 16, 6 h 2 m, P M, E

NEW TODAY.

[NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS ARE LISTED HERE.]
Lost—Keys; 4th page
Lost—Book; 4th page
Nina Circle—Card; 4th page
Wanted—Situation; 4th page
Groceries at Auction; 8th page
Furniture at Auction; 8th page
Newport Steam Laundry; 5th page
Henry Bull, Jr—Insurance; 4th page
The Bee Hive—Shirt Waists; 1st page
Portsmouth—Farm for Sale; 4th page
Opera House—The New Boy; 5th page
Jamestown—Canvass Notice; 5th page
N O P C Co—Combination Suits; 1st page
Whipple & Son—Fire Insurance; 5th page
Walsh Bros—Granite Iron Ware; 5th page
J H Barney, Jr, & Co—A Good Time; 8th page
DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge—For Sale; 5th page
Wanted—Situation to do Housework; 4th page

Changes of advertisements cannot well be made after 11 o'clock in the morning.

For Sale.

A Two-and-a-half Story House,

With basement; 13 rooms, gas, bathroom, sewer connection, good cellar and large attic.

Price $3,200.

Will loan $3,000 on mortgage.

A. P. BAKER.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. Address Box 28, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation to wash, cook and iron; can do chamber and laundry work; good references. Address Box 35, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a Swedish man to take care of horses and carriages and to do general work around a gentleman's place; good references. Apply at 12 Farewell street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A young strong girl for general housework. 17 Rhode Island avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Address, stating wages, Box 31, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A good salesman to travel in a specialty line and canvass city or country trade in this state. A party with previous experience preferred. Reference required. Box 50, Daily News Office.

TO MAKE BIG MONEY selling our Electric telephone. Best seller on Earth. Sent all complete ready to set up; lines of any distance. A practical Electric Telephone. Our agents are making $5 to $10 a day easy. Everybody buys; Big Money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED, or salesmen desiring side line, to take orders by sample; staple seller, easily carried. We pay expenses and salary or commission and furnish samples on application. Address Lock Box 125, New York City

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—For rent, a small store on or near Thames street. Would prefer with it some rooms overhead. Apply to R. C. Derby, 135 Bellevue avenue.

TO LET—After May 1st., store corner Thames street and Long wharf; also to let building 9 and 11 Long wharf. Apply to James Pearson.

TO LET—Small cottage on Cranston street. Also tenement 16 Cranston street. Apply to Sherman & Rooney.

FOR RENT—Cottage on Anthony street, in good repair; city water. Apply on the premises.

NOW IS THE TIME
TO HAVE YOUR
HORSE CLIPPED.
Your horse will go better, and you will not be covered with hairs. Electric power. Price $2.50
Lawton's, Touro Street.

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK, March 18, Wall Street, Opening Prices—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 71¾; Distillers, 11¾; Erie, 8½; Kansas & Texas, 14; Kansas & Texas preferred, 24; Lead, 30; Lead preferred, 84; Louisville & Nashville, 45¼; Manhattan, 108¼; Missouri Pacific, 20½; Cordage, 5; Cordage preferred, 8½; New Jersey Central, 90¼; Northern Pacific, 3¼; Northern Pacific preferred, 14¾; New York & New England, 30½; St. Paul, 55¾; Sugar, 95¾; Southern Railway, 10¼; Southern Railway preferred, 32¾.

Noon—**Money** on call, 2 per cent.; prime mercantile paper, 4½ @ 5; exchange, easy, with actual rates at 4.87¾ @ 4.88 for 60 days, and 4.89 @ ¼ for demand; posted rates, 4.88½ @ 4.90; commercial bills, 4.87 @ ½; bar silver, 62; government bonds, firm; 4s reg., 111¾; 4s, coup., 112¾ @ 113; railroad bonds, active and strong; Pacific 6s, 100 bid. Still higher prices were recorded for stocks after 11 o'clock, and the dealings were attended with unusual animation. Hocking Valley sold up to 21¾, the highest prices yet attained. Canada Southern rose to 49¾, General Electric to 30¾ and Alton & Terre Haute to 37¼. At noon speculation was steady in tone, at a reaction of ⅛ to ⅝ from the best figures.

NEW YORK, March 18.

Atchison	Noon.
Canadian Pacific	37¼
Canada Southern	49¾
Chicago & Alton	143½
Chicago & Alton preferred	160
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	72[illegible]
C., C., C. & St. Louis	37
C., C., C. & St. Louis preferred	37
Cotton Oil Certificates	21¾
Delaware & Hudson	125¾
Delaware & Lackawanna	157¾
Denver & Rio Grande	10¾
Denver & Rio Grande preferred	33¾
Erie	8¾
Erie preferred	16
Illinois Central	84
Kansas & Texas	14¾
Lake Shore	137
Lead Trust	30¾
Louisville & Nashville	45
Michigan Central	91¾
Missouri Pacific	20¾
Manhattan	
New Jersey Central	91½
North American	2½
Northern Pacific	3½
Northern Pacific First preferred	15¾
Northwestern	90
Northwestern preferred	
New York Central	91¾
New York & New England	31⅛
Omaha	
Ontario & Western	16¼
Oregon Navigation	15
Pacific Mail	22¾
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	
Reading	9¼
Rock Island	63¼
St. Paul	55¾
St. Paul preferred	
St. Paul, M. & Man	101¼
Manitoba	30¼
Omaha preferred	
Sugar Trust	95¾
Sugar Trust preferred	91¾
Texas Pacific	9¼
Union Pacific	8⅞
Wabash	5⅞
Wabash preferred	13⅞
Western Union	88⅞
U. S. Cordage	
U. S. Cordage preferred	
Duluth	
Duluth preferred	
Gen. Elec	31

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
REAL ESTATE OFFICE,
124 Bellevue Avenue.

1st For rent; from 1st April if needed, the "Balmy house," 1 Whitehall street, close to Broadway; excellent house, with all modern improvements.

2d For sale; (will not rent at present—have declined many applications) the "Nichols" boarding house, corner Farewell and Marlborough, along with cottage next door. First-class business position. Area 6,841 square feet. Will sell the estate as a whole—not the cottage by itself.

DIED.

DAVERON—In this city, March 17, Patrick Daveron, aged 31 years.
Funeral from his late residence, Narragansett avenue, Tuesday, March 19, at 8 15 A. M. to St. Mary's Church at 9 A. M., where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Burial in St. Columba's Cemetery by train at 10 15 A. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.
SLOCUM—In Dartmouth, Allen's Neck, Mass., 14th inst., Ann E., wife of Christopher Slocum, in her 66th year.
KING—In Westport, 14th inst., Maria, widow of Ephraim S. King, in her 90th year.
SISSON—In Westport, 14th inst., Charles Sisson, in his 74th year.
WHITESIDE—In Westport, 15th inst., David Whiteside, in his 40th year.
WHITEHEAD—In Providence, Frances, widow of James Whitehead, in her 70th year.
CARPENTER—In Providence, 17th inst., Almira, widow of Dr. Thomas O. H. Carpenter of Scituate, in her 78th year.
WILBUR—In Providence, 16th inst., Almira C. G., widow of William R. Wilbur, in her 81st year.
STAPLETON—In Providence, 17th inst., Catherine Stapleton, in her 71st year.

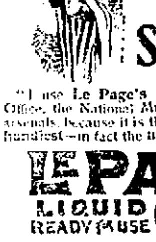
ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes the favorite spring medicine, speaks volumes for its excellence and merit.

FOR RENT.

One Large Store in Smith's New Block On Broadway. Also offices on second floor of said block; large hall on third floor and anterooms fitted with modern conveniences (would like applicants for a first class hall to confer with agent as to what they need in this line).
SIMEON HAZARD, 94 BROADWAY.



Said a worldly old fellow: "This praise
Of **Le Page's** excites my amaze!"
Said his innocent daughter:
"Why, papa, you oughter
Apply it in mending your ways."

"Uncle Sam" says:

"I use Le Page's Liquid Glue in the Patent Office, the National Museum and the United States arsenals, because it is the **strongest**, most flexible, handiest—in fact the BEST."

LE PAGE'S LIQUID GLUE READY FOR USE

The Pullman Palace Car Co. use it because of its great tenacity against heavy jolting, yet it is equally good for the most delicate fabrics, and contains no acid to injure anything. 12

SAMPLES
—OF—
RIBBON BADGES AND LAPEL BUTTONS,
in large variety and fine workmanship, may be seen at the
Daily News Job Office.

BY TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

FOR THE FIRST TIME.

Inauguration of the New City Government of Central Falls.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 18.—The municipal government of the new city of Central Falls was inaugurated today in the presence of a large number of spectators. The oath of office was administered to the mayor-elect, Hon. Charles P. Moies, and he in turn gave the oath to the members-elect of the board of aldermen and common council. Prayer was offered by Rev. James H. Lyon, and Mayor Moies made a brief address, in which he urged the administration of the city's affairs on business principles, referred to the large debt with which the city starts, but which he hoped might be reduced before the end of the year, and opposed exceeding appropriations and income. He made no recommendations and suggested no reforms, but said that he might do that in a later message. He concluded by saying that while he looked for co-operation on the part of the members of the city council, he would be dictated to by no one.

C. Fred Crawford, who has been town clerk of Lincoln for fourteen years, was elected city clerk. The board of aldermen organized with the election of George H. Thornton as president and C. Fred Crawford as clerk, and the common council elected Myron Fish its president and James E. Brown clerk.

After a brief address by Hon. Edward L. Freeman, the city council adjourned until this evening, when city officials will be elected.

Hunter C. White, chairman of the Republican state central committee, has written a reply to the invitation to the party to be represented at a meeting to be held this evening under the auspices of the Central Labor Union, where a joint debate is proposed, to show the laboring man how he shall vote in the coming election. Mr. White's reply is somewhat sarcastic. He says he thinks the laboring men do not need to be told how they ought to vote, as the election last November seems to have shown that they decided that that question then, and are now only waiting for another opportunity to give expression to that decision. The meeting this evening is not likely to be very largely attended or very lively.

Franklin P. Owen, chairman of the Democratic state central committe, has gone south for ten days, to seek relief from an attack of the grip, but as the party is not to make a very active campaign his absence will not be of much consequence.

Ex-Assemblyman Amoross E. West of this city has been seriously ill with typhoid pneumonia, and today his condition is very critical.

ATTEMPT TO BOOM THE ELECTRICS.

Consolidated Road Will Not Seek to Buy up Opposing Lines.

NEW LONDON, Conn., March 18.—The statement that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad is making an effort to prevent competition in this state, by buying the electric lines which give indications of presenting a formidable opposition to the road, as stated in several New York papers, this morning, caused a stir here, especially in the offices of the Consolidated road and of leading stockholders of the line. President Charles P. Clark and Vice President Hall of the road were asked what truth there was in the claim. President Clark said: "The report is absolutely groundless."

Vice President Hall said: "The Consolidated road has made no attempts whatever to purchase an interest in the Bridgeport Traction, the Norwalk, the Westport & Saugatuck, or the Stamford & Stratford electric lines, as declared in the articles; in fact, we have made no bids for interest in any electric lines in the state. We shall not compromise with the electric roads at all in our fight with them in paralleling the state. When we get ready to equip our lines with electricity, we have a number of branch roads which will be used to check competition from the electric lines mentioned in the despatches published in New York." Judge Hall said that the report had apparently been sent out by some person who wanted to boom the electric roads.

Fires in Fall River and Somerset.

FALL RIVER, March 18.—Fire destroyed a two-and-a-half story house in Somerset this morning, owned by John Pache and valued at $2,000. The household effects were saved. The building was insured.

A fire broke out in Westgate Bros.' grocery store in this city at midnight, and destroyed the stock, valued at $2,500; insured for $2,300.

Crushed by a Coal Cart.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 18.—James Maria, a coal cart driver, fifty-five years old, was killed in L. C. Gilbert's coal yard this morning. He was backing a loaded cart out of a bin in the coal yard, when the horse shied and threw him against a post. He was caught there by the heavy shaft and side of cart and crushed fatally. He was liberated in a few seconds, but fell to the ground and never regained consciousness. He leaves a wife and family.

Prominent German Statesman Dead.

BERLIN, March 18.—Prebler Von Scholemer-Alst died in Muenster yesterday. He was the leader of the Clericals in the Prussian upper house, and was one of the most conspicuous Clericals in the Reichstag until he broke away from the Radical wing of his party to support Count Capriwi's army bill. His name had been mentioned frequently in the last year in connection with cabinet portfolios.

REVIEWED BY MAYOR STRONG.

Irish Societies of New York Parade in Honor of St. Patrick.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Irishmen were especially favored today in the glorious weather that marked the day on which they celebrated the memory of Erin's patron saint. Yesterday the name of St. Patrick was eulogized in all the Roman Catholic churches, and today the sons and lovers of old Ireland testified their devotion to the memory of their national saint. The green flag was displayed all over the city, and perhaps never before was there such a display of the Irish national color. It did not float, however, over the city hall. The principal event of the day was the big parade of the united Irish societies, which formed on Fifth avenue, between Fortieth and Forty-second streets. Forty-eight divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians took part in the parade, which Mayor Strong and the heads of the municipal government reviewed.

FATHER COYLE'S LECTURE.

The Opera House was well filled last evening, when the annual St. Patrick's day lecture of St. Joseph's parish was given by the pastor, Rev. James Coyle. The subject was "Irish Poets in America's Song World," and was similar in plan to the speaker's previous lectures on Irish poets and poetry. Father Coyle gave a short account of each poet, and recited one or more selections from his writings. The literary work was supplemented by pictures of the poets and of scenes depicted in the poems, thrown on the screen by Professor Turner of Boston, one of the best stereopticon workers in the country. The lecture was of course excellent, and so were the views, which were somewhat better than those of the last few years, because Fathers Coyle and Downing, who have been working hard to secure proper pictures as a basis for the views, had better success than in previous years. For this they were largely indebted to Mr. Patrick Ford of the Irish World, who was instrumental in securing photographs of many of the leading Irish poets of this country.

The lecture was enlivened by the singing of a number of patriotic Irish songs by the boy choir of the church, under the direction of Organist P. J. Berges, accompanied by the Naval Station orchestra. The singing was somewhat handicapped by the conditions of the stage, which was shut off from the audience by extra curtains, to permit the pictures to be properly displayed.

In opening his lecture Father Coyle said that during the ten years he had been pastor of St. Joseph's Church he had preached or addressed his people between 2,600 and 2,700 times, and he felt that his voice and his sayings had probably become monotonous to them; in consequence he had decided that this would be his last appearance as a public lecturer, a decision that was undoubtedly regretted, as he seemed as effective as ever.

The first poet considered was the late John Boyle O'Reilly, a personal friend of the speaker, and one who had delivered a sermon for the church. The next was Andrew Cheney, author of "Dear Little Shamrock," which was sung. Then came James Jeffrey Roche, the successor of O'Reilly as editor of the Pilot; Arthur M. Forrester, another newspaper man; Eugene Geary, Joseph Sheridan, author of "Shamus O'Brien;" Mrs. Julia Crawford, General C. G. Halpine, Professor Crouch, author of "Kathleen Mavourneen;" Father Ryan, the poet-priest of the South; Robert Joyce, Arthur P. Graves, Fanny Parnell, Dennis O'Sullivan, Mrs. Augustine Ford, better known as "Una," and a sister-in-law of Mr. Ford of the Irish World, for which she wrote many patriotic poems; Michael Scanlen, John Locke, M. J. McCann, Joseph S. La Fann and Eugene Davis. A special local flavor was given to the lecture by excellent pictures of Mr. A. O'D. Taylor and Miss Maria Callahan of this city, from each of whose writings two good selections were given.

Following the lecture proper, Professor Turner showed a number of fine religious and artistic views, which helped make the lecture, though a trifle long, an excellent one from beginning to end.

THE DEATH OF JOHN B. BARKER.

The funeral of the late John B. Barker took place yesterday from Mr. E. P. Marsh's undertaking rooms, and was attended by the members of the family and a few friends. One of Mr. Barker's brothers, who spent some time inquiring into the circumstances of the accident, returned home with the idea that his brother's death was not due to an accident. He says that his brother had considerable money when he left Westerly to visit his aunt at East Greenwich, and yet Mr. Convery of East Greenwich says he had to give Barker money for a ticket to Kingston. This was not an unusual proceeding, as Convery had before advanced money to the deceased, whom he knew very well. Mr. Barker thinks his brother was thrown from the train or otherwise disposed of after being robbed, but the investigation of the case by others did not lead them to the same conclusion, the idea they have being that Barker accidentally fell from the train while it was in motion, and was instantly killed.

THE WRECKED BARGE OFF POINT JUDITH.

Captain Bixby has written to the War Department in relation to the wrecked barge floating off Point Judith, explaining its condition and its great menace to navigation. The department has no authority to take peremptory action on such matters, and therefore could authorize Captain Bixby to do nothing except under the law, which allows the removal of such wrecks after two months, if abandoned by their owners. It will therefore be impossible for the local office to do anything in this case for several days yet. A similar state of affairs exists in relation to wrecks in Gardiner's bay and Vineyard sound, which are not, however, so dangerous as this at Point Judith.

PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court this morning letters of administration on the estate of Mary D. Clarke were granted to Albert C. Landers, and on the estate of Michael L. Finn to Mary Finn; the guardian's account with the estate of John J. Riley was ordered recorded; the administrator's final account with the estate of Edward Gladding was allowed and ordered recorded; the petitions for the probate of the will of Almira S. Hazard and for the filing and recording of a copy of the will of Walter Howe were continued to April 8, according to law.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The Jamestown Dramatic Club gave a very pleasing entertainment at the town hall Saturday evening, under the auspices of Conanicut Grange. The play was entitled "Hickory Farm," and it was performed in a creditable manner. Before the opening and between the acts the audience was entertained by the Schumann string orchestra of Providence.

The local farmers are very busy at present, receiving fertilizers from the different manufacturers. A steam barge landed several tons of the Chittendon at the ferry wharf today, and a large quantity of Bradley's is being brought across the ferry.

Mr. William Allen of Newport moved to Jamestown Saturday.

Mr. William B. Gill and Miss Annie M. Pearson were married in Fall River January 23 by Rev. Mr. Barker of that city.

Mrs. D. C. Watson, while preparing quahaugs for dinner a few days since, discovered a handsome pearl. The stone is a large one, and of a pretty shade of purple.

Messrs. A. R. Cory and Henry Smith will go to New York tonight on business.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Steam lighter Notter is discharging guano for farmers on the island.

—Owing to the high wind, steamer General was forty-five minutes late on her 1 o'clock trip today.

—Mr. A. B. Sayer, who was nominated on the Democratic legislative ticket, declines to serve as a candidate.

—Barge Kings County is discharging coal for the gas company, and schooner Nellie Doe coal for G. B. Reynolds & Co.

—Another child of Mr. Joseph Hoar died today of diphtheria at the Newport Hospital, where his wife and two sons are ill with the same disease.

—Captain W. H. Bixby, United States engineer, who has been confined to his home for several weeks by sickness, was able to be at his office today.

—The Prohibitory city committee was organized Saturday evening, with the election of William B. Franklin as chairman and John Vars as secretary.

—The Sunday school of the First Methodist Episcopal Church made its annual missionary offering yesterday, aggregating about $214, with one or two classes still to report.

—Steamer Tuckahoe, which assisted tug Joseph Stickney, reported on arriving at New London that the barge reported last week by Captain Conley of steamer Danielson is still awash about a third of a mile off Point Judith, and in a dangerous position for passing vessels.

—Mrs. Frank Smyth has so far recovered from the injuries sustained by a recent railroad accident in Philadelphia as to hope to be able to spend tomorrow and next day with her father here. She will be accompanied by Miss Phebe Bull and Mr. Mecham, whose father and mother were instantly killed by the accident.

—Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Valiant arrived at Marseilles Sunday from Italy. On board were the Duchess of Manchester, Lady Alice Montagu, Mrs. Yznaga, Miss Yznaga and Mr. Fernando Yznaga, accompanying the remains of Lady Mary Montagu, the Duchess of Manchester's daughter, who died last Friday.

—A strong westerly wind and heavy sea prevail, the northwest storm signal is flying, and steamer G. W. Danielson did not in consequence leave Block Island this morning. The weather holds a large number of barges and tugs C. McWilliams, Joshua Lovett, Taurus, Joseph Stickney, R. A. Packer, Mingle and Sea King in the harbor.

—This morning, as a loaded coal wagon owned by Mr. D. J. Buckley was being weighed on the city scales, the horse became frightened and ran down Long wharf, where it collided with Mr. T. J. Lyon's delivery wagon, severely injuring Mr. Lyon's horse about the feet, breaking the harness and throwing out the driver of the coal wagon.

NAVAL NOTES.

Assistant Engineer W. S. Burke has been granted sick leave of absence.

The Mohican has sailed from Whatcom, Wash., on a coal testing cruise.

Commander N. M. Dyer is ordered to ordnance instruction at the Washington navy yard.

Lieutenant Commander C. C. Todd and Lieutenant J. W. Carlin have been ordered to examination.

Lieutenant W. H. H. Southerland has been ordered to prepare for sea duty, and will be ordered as navigator of the Cincinnati.

"The question of increasing the number of ships ordered to attend the inauguration of the North Sea canal is one for future consideration. Whether or not I shall make additions will depend largely on the fleets other powers will send." In these words Secretary Herbert outlined his intentions concerning the naval representation of the United States at Kiel when the water-way connecting the North sea and the Baltic sea is formally opened. The Secretary further said that when he had been informed just how many vessels European nations intended to send to Kiel he might take up the question of despatching men-of-war from this station to assist the San Francisco and the Marblehead in making an imposing display.

The New York navy yard contains several ships which would make a very handsome addition to the fleet for active service in case of trouble with Spain. Second-class battleship Maine could be made ready for sea, if needed, by working day and night, before May 20. Her four ten-inch guns, which are lying on the dock near her, could be mounted in a short time. In case of necessity cruiser Chicago, which is now due from Europe, might be kept in commission for service, her repairs being postponed. Double-turreted monitor Terror will be ready early in June, and monitor Puritan could also be made available within three months. Cruiser Columbia, which is lying in the North river, off Forty-third street, could start for Cuba in forty-eight hours. She has received fourteen tons of powder and shells from Fort Wadsworth for her 8-inch and 6-inch guns. Stores were also sent to her from the yard for the ships of the North Atlantic fleet, which she will join next week.

Secretary Herbert has given bidders on the three new torpedo boats another week in which to make changes in their original proposals, and the board which is examining the bids will not report to him until the 23d inst. The rule in the past has been to bar all propositions submitted after the opening of the bids, on the ground that, knowing each other's bids, the bidders would be able to make propositions much better than their original proposals. But one of the bidders—the Herreshoffs, it is understood—informed the department that if a contract was awarded to them they would give the boat a knot additional speed. Then it was that the Secretary decided that if any of the other bidders desired to explain their bids or submit other propositions he would receive them, and he fixed the 15th as the limit of time for receiving these explanations or propositions. The greater number of bidders took advantage of the Secretary's decision. A representative of the Herreshoffs was at the Navy Department last week, and after his departure from the Secretary's office it was announced that the time would be extended until the 23d.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Executor's Notice.

HERBERT L. DYER hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the Will of **Fanny Lucas** late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.

Newport, R. I., March 15th, 1895.

Executor's Notice.

HENRY E. JONES of the City, County and State of New York hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the Will of **George W. Jones**, late of said City of New York, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.

Newport, R. I. March 8th, 1895.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 4th. day of March A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Edward P. Marsh of said Newport presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate in Rhode Island of **Annie M. Kirsop**, late of Troy, in the State of New York, deceased, intestate, may be granted to him or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 25th. day of March 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

LEONARD'S

Newport Steam Laundry

And Carpet Cleaning Works,

J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 326 Thames Street.

Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone connection.

Town of Jamestown, R. I.

CANVASS NOTICE.

THE TOWN COUNCIL of Jamestown, R. I. will hold a session as a Board of Canvassers for said Town at the Town Hall, in said Jamestown, on Monday, March 25th, 1895, at two o'clock P. M. The said Council will also hold a session as a Board of Canvassers, on Saturday, March 30th, 1895, at two P. M. at the said Town Hall, for the final canvass of said voting lists, preparatory to the Election to be held April 3, 1895.

Signed by order and in behalf of said Town Council

WM. F. CASWELL, Clerk.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Proposals for New Engine House.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Committee on Fire Department, from Newport citizens only, at the City Clerk's office, City Hall, until **Monday, March 25, 1895, at 5 o'clock P. M.**, for furnishing materials and building a Fire Engine House for No. 5 Steam Fire Engine Company, on the lot at the junction of Touro and Mary streets, in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by Edwin Wilbur, architect, which may be seen at said architect's office, in the Newton building, at the corner of Thames and Pelham streets. All work must be done by Newport mechanics. Bonds with satisfactory sureties will be required of the successful bidder.

The right to reject any or all proposals is reserved.

By order of the Committee on Fire Department.

BENJ. F. TANNER, Chairman.

Newport, R. I., Feb. 26, 1895.

BALL PROGRAMS

At the Daily News Office.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE OLD RELIABLE

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE

Has stood the Test of Time

MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

BRUNSWICK CIGARS.

J. D. RICHARDSON & Co.

Opposite Postoffice.

EXAMINED AND CORRECTLY FITTED AT WARD & WILSON'S, 34 CLARKE STREET.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, &c.

Opera House.

Monday Evening, March 18.

Return Engagement of the Sex Against Sex Drama,

Sowing the Wind

BY SIDNEY GRUNDY.

Direction of CHARLES FROHMAN.

With the complete original Boston cast that presented the famous play here earlier in the season, making a profound impression.

400 Nights in New York.

50 Nights in Boston.

Prices 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1. Seats on sale Saturday, March 16.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday, March 20.

A NOTABLE EVENT!

One night only.

THE NEW BOY.

A Study in Laughter.

The Supreme Luxury of Fun.

With the popular comedian,

James T. Powers,

And all the Original cast.

Management CHARLES FROHMAN.

James T. Powers, Frederick Robinson, R. F. Cotren, George Backus, W. H. Shirley, Charles Greene, James Cody, Helen Kinnard, Rachel Booth, Ella Gardiner.

Exactly as presented 150 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.

Prices 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1. Seats on sale March 19.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Newport Historical Society, for the election of officers and the transaction of other business, will be held Monday, March 18, A. D. 1895, at 7:30 P. M. All members are urged to be present.

HORATIO B. WOOD, Rec. Secretary.

FREE CONCERT OF SONG.

Mr. and Mrs. Beveridge,

The distinguished vocalists of Nebraska, who have charmed and delighted thousands by their popular and thrilling songs, will give a concert **in Town Hall, Middletown, R. I.,** On the evening of **March 18, 1895,** beginning at 7:30 **George H. Niver, Esq.,** of Albany, N. Y., will deliver an address upon political issues. Everybody is invited to attend. Come early in order to obtain a seat. Ladies cordially invited to be present. Per order Prohibition Committee, B. J. BRISSELL, Chairman.

Unity Club Entertainment.

Helpfulness Committee—**For the Poor of Newport**—"Living Pictures, Reading and Music." Tickets 50 cents each—obtainable from Colonel John Rogers, Thames street; Mr. Ben G. Palmer; Mr. Hugh L. Taylor; Mr. C. D. Mueller. **Entertainment in Channing Parlors, Tuesday Evening, 19 March, 8 o'clock precisely.**

ALMOST

GIVEN AWAY!

Our stock of granite iron is almost given away at the present prices. No seconds among it, at

SOUTHWICK'S,

185 THAMES STREET.

Telephone.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Liquor Licenses.

THE BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport are now ready to receive applications from parties who intend to apply for license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors for the year beginning May 1, 1895.

All applications, to insure action before the beginning of the license year, must be in the hands of the commissioners by

MARCH 26, 1895,

And all licenses not paid for fifteen days after the date of their granting will be revoked.

Blanks may be obtained at the office of the commissioners, Room 2, Mercury Building.

By the Commissioners:

E. W. HIGBEE, Clerk.

Watches, Jewelry and Silver Tableware

Also Silver Novelties.

Diamond Jewelry at Very Low Prices.

—AT—

E. C. BLAINEY, 240 Thames Street.

The New Puzzle.

Pike's Peak or Bust.

It can be done,
It's lots of fun,
You'll say so when
You've once begun,

AT

A. C. LANDERS'S,

167 Thames Street,

COVELL'S BLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Headquarters for Children's Photographs.

Every mother should have a good likeness of each member of the family, ESPECIALLY OF THE LITTLE ONES. It's both imprudent and risky to neglect this important matter. To get the best pictures, guaranteed to please you, try

Holloway

THE CHILDREN'S PHOTOGRAPHER.

Water Color Portraits

Of delicate and natural coloring, particularly pleasing for holiday gifts in,

Locket, Miniature, Panel and Life Size.

Orders for New Year's should be given at once

REMBRANDT STUDIO,

Over HAMMETT'S Bookstore, 302 Thames St

NIGHT HAWK CAMERA, $5.00

The Handy Camera, $10.00.
Rochester (two styles), $12.00.
The Poco Folding, $20.00 to $25.00.

All the above take 4x5 pictures and are the finest on the market. Call and examine them. Photographic materials of every description.

GEO. H. CHASE,

Over 201 Thames Street

INSURANCE.

A sample of what policy-holders in Lloyds may encounter is shown in the case of James Hess, who had a claim of $1,000 under a policy in Lloyds. One hundred underwriters owed him $10 each, and they refused to pay. He brought suit against one, and got judgment for the $10 and costs, bringing the amount up to $11.50, but the judgment debtor has appealed. Mr. Hess has ninety-nine more suits to bring, each of which may go to the court of last resort. If he has plenty of money to spend he may get his deserts—providing he lives long enough.—[Chicago Tribune.

—FOR—

"Reliable Insurance"

APPLY TO

HENRY BULL, JR., 197 Thames St.

INSURANCE.

In these days of innumerable new and weak companies it is well to turn to the old and well known institution which have weathered the storms of many years. This agency was established by the senior member of our firm thirty years ago and many of the companies have been represented by it through the whole of that period. Call and see us.

DAVIS & WARD,

159 THAMES STREET

FIRE INSURANCE.

We write fire insurance in the strongest American and Foreign companies at lowest rates.

WE REPRESENT THE

Lion,	London, England
Hamburg & Bremen,	Germany
Palatine,	England
American,	Newark
North American,	Boston
Northwestern National	Milwaukee

Losses promptly settled.

WHIPPLE & SON,

28 Bellevue Avenue.

For Sale---At a Bargain,

DWELLING HOUSE

With slate roof and all modern conveniences, including hot and cold water, steam heat, etc., and nearly 5000 feet of land, on Fair street.

APPLY TO

DeBLOIS, HUNTER & ELDRIDGE,

152 BELLEVUE AVENUE, NEWPORT.

ASH'S FISH MARKET,

3 MARKET SQUARE.

Smelts, Lobsters, Oysters and Clams Fresh Every Day.

Administrator's Notice.

HENRY A. GRIMWOOD of Providence, R. I. hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator on the Estate of **Henry Hudby** late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, R. I. March 15th, 1895.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 11th. day of March A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M.

HORACE N. HASSARD, Administrator on the estate of **Hannah A. Hassard**, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 1st. day of April 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

WANTED!

A Good Second-hand Coupe Rockaway.

FLUDDER BROS., 15 BEACH STREET

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

Just received, another large invoice of

Granite Iron Ware

At Reduced Prices.

Walsh Bros.,

222 Thames Street.

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

Rhode Island Corn Fed

PORK

THIS WEEK AT

SHERMAN & ROONEY'S.

BY TELEGRAPH

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS

WEDDED AGAINST HER WILL.

Story of an Applicant for Divorce in a Colorado Court.

CHICAGO, March 18.—A special from Colorado Springs, Col, says: Edith G. Ball of Cripple Creek has sued for a divorce from Samuel Burns, a Boston hack driver, in the county court here. She alleges that she met Burns in Boston, and he proposed marriage, which she refused. May 20, 1894, she alleges in her complaint that Burns took her to an apartment, and by threats, intimidations and the use of a revolver forced her to drink a drug. When she recovered consciousness she was on the crypt of a church, where Burns forced her to go through a marriage ceremony before a so-called minister. She escaped the next day, and by the advice of friends fled to Colorado. She asks that the so-called marriage be dissolved, and that Burns be enjoined from menacing her, and grant her $2,000 damages.

ANXIOUS TO KEEP OUT OF IT.

Government Will Not Appear in the Union Pacific Foreclosure Suit.

OMAHA, Neb., March 18.—It is given out here from the office of John C. Cowing, special attorney of the United States in the Union Pacific matter, that the government will not appear in the foreclosure suit brought by the trustees for the first mortgage bondholders. In deciding on this action, attorneys for the government hold that the foreclosure will not affect the status of the government's liens. Unless the government appears voluntarily, it cannot be made a party defendant to the suit, and no order of the court can operate prejudicially to its interest. General Cowing is now representing the government at Portland, and great care is being exercised by him to avoid entering any "appearance" or anything which could be construed as a "voluntary appearance" on the part of the government as a party in the case. He is simply looking after the interests of the government, and in doing so one of the most important as well as delicate tasks he has to perform is to see that in representing the government he does not bring it into court so that a decree of foreclosure would bind it.

Murder of a San Francisco Concert Singer.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—A variety actor named Charles Rice yesterday morning notified the police that his wife had been murdered. The officers found that the woman's throat had been cut with a razor from ear to ear, her head being all but severed from her body, and the bloody razor hidden under a pile of clothes. Rice said that he left his room for a short time, and on returning found his wife dead. Neighbors heard the pair quarrelling Saturday night upon their return from the concert hall where they were employed. The woman deserted her husband for Rice several years ago. She was known on the stage as Cora Everett. The name of the suspected murderer is not given.

UNTIMELY NOISES.

The chimes of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church of Hackensack, N. J., which have been rung at a very early hour on Sunday mornings, have been silenced by order of the board of health. We are glad for the Hackensackians that the bells have been silenced, but sorry that the board of health should have been called in to interfere. Good manners and Christianity should have kept the bells still at an unseemly hour, without the interposition of an official edict. A reasonable regard for the health and comfort of people would dictate quiet at the hour when so many seek and need rest. It would be the height of discourtesy to stand in front of a man's house and bang upon a Chinese gong at sunrise. But it is not more polite to annoy him with the clanging of a bell, even though that bell be in the steeple of a church.

By and by, when this country gets to be really civilized, this truth will be recognized, and the nerve-racking noises that disgrace the cities, and do their part towards causing the nervous prostration of the people, will be quieted. In Hackensack the people are so elated over the peace which comes from the silencing of the bells that they have commenced a crusade against gongs on butchers' and bakers' wagons, and will try to stop the noise of freight trains during the early morning hours. Success to them, and to all the other champions of common-sense quiet as against all the needless uproar which makes life's burdens so much the harder to bear.—[New Bedford Standard.

NEW YORK CAB FARES.

That certain cab drivers of this town are considering of their own motion a reduction in their fares is enough to bring the scriptural joy over the one sinner that repenteth. Probably no class of quasi-public servants in New York have a worse repute for extortion, or in larger measure deserve it. The maximum rates permitted by municipal ordinance, fifty cents for the first mile and twenty-five for each additional half-mile, are too high in themselves to bring cabs into common use, and there is scarcely a driver who will not demand, in spite, perchance, of previous bargains, twice or thrice his legal fare. His passenger has either to yield, especially if he is in a hurry or in the company of women, or to resist, with the likelihood of a long and loud altercation, with the sympathy of the bystanders invariably against him. Appeals to the police, who usually show similar leanings or crass stupidity, are so fruitless, and therefore so rare, that Mr. MacVeagh, our ambassador at Rome, actually gained distinction here for a few weeks in the spring of 1893 as a man who had had the pluck to conduct an extortionate cab driver to the nearest police station, to overawe the attendant sergeant into civility, and, finally, to pay only the legal fare. Most of us are too good-natured, too timid, or in too much haste, thus to beard simultaneously two such lions as a cab driver and a police sergeant, while traveling Englishmen are often too unfamiliar with rates and distances in this city to take effective part in contests for which they are so well fitted by temperament. They hardly realize the full extent of the imposition practiced upon them until they are back at their hotels. Then they can only grumble or write to the Evening Post.

Now, there is no city here in the East that seems to offer a better field for a cab service that should be both cheap and moderately profitable than New York. Manhattan island is thirteen miles long, and at its widest only two and a half in breadth. One is incessantly going down town to some place for something, or up town to some other place for something else. There is no such concentration as there is in the heart of Boston. Everything lies along a straight line. Besides, if my observation is not at fault, no urban population was ever less disposed to walking than that of New York. As in some New England villages every one "hitches up," if he is going only to chat with a near neighbor, so in New York every one takes the elevated or the surface cars, if business or pleasure call him but a surprisingly short distance—a circumstance that has much to do with the public favor and the considerable profits that the cable railways enjoy. Moreover, a large number of these people who ride on the least pretext—to say nothing of the many strangers always in the town—are able to pay for cabs, and would be willing to do so if the charges were low and the drivers accepted their due without any attempt at extortion or altercation. Nay, they would often add a "tip," as they do for similar reasonable service in Paris or in Rome. As it is now, they only complain in about equal measure of the discomforts of travel on the cable or on the elevated railways and of the high rates and additional extortions of the cab drivers.

The result of these conditions is inevitable. Almost the only people who can afford to use cabs frequently and regularly in New York are those who can equally afford to keep a private equipage, and do keep it. The cab driver's business comes in the main from strangers who are either rich or unaware of the rates and of the men with whom they must deal, from those who for one reason or another wish to convey whatever impression of luxurious living the frequent use of cabs may carry, and from the average man who might afford them regularly if they were cheaper, only when necessity or a buoyant disclaim of expense constrains resort to them. Cabs have thus been accounted a luxury and not a convenience until, even if lower fares should prevail, the town might need to be educated into use of them—an acquired taste, so to say, that journeying on the cable and the elevated roads at "rush hours" ought readily to foster. Doubtless the drivers would need equally to acquire a liking for low fares and for their just dues and a moderate tip; but in these respects the hard times of the two years have proved a persuasive teacher. Men have discarded luxuries, and cabs at present rates are among them. Worse still, when they have taken them, they have screwed up their courage to examine the rate card, which the City Improvement Society at last pluckily compelled each driver to carry, and to stand firmly upon its provisions. The lean years of Joseph's dream have come upon the Egyptian oppressors, and dearth more than repentance has moved them to consider their extortionate ways. It is credibly said that with a fair patronage a uniform rate of twenty-five cents a mile is enough to enable a driver to keep his trap and horse and to earn a decent living; and at a recent meeting of the Drivers' Union it was boldly proposed to adopt such a fare, and if the experiment succeeded to ask for the necessary modification of the city ordinance. The fifty drivers that voted for it were beaten; but they are a plucky minority, and unless they fear the discipline of the union too keenly they are likely to try the experiment of half-rates with a view to convincing their opponents. If they should succeed, the result would be a long step toward the cheap cab service that is a crying need of many another American city beside New York.—[New York letter to Boston Transcript.

AMERICAN INTERESTS IN CUBA.

The present outbreak in Cuba renews talk about the purchase of the island by the United States, and not improbably, it is thought, a proposition to make Spain an offer will be presented to the next Congress. The question, it is pointed out, would in no sense be political. Some prominent Southern Democrats are in favor of the acquisition of the territory by purchase, and many Northern Republicans have long advocated it. Chauncey M. Depew, in a recent interview, expressed the opinion that Cuba ought to be American soil, and he is accepted as speaking for the great business interests of New York with foreign connections. The thing to be attempted, therefore, will be the organizing of this sentiment North and South before the next Congress meets, so that the movement, if brought forward by a man of note and influence, may command the proper attention.

The United States has three times tried to buy Cuba. Forty years ago $100,000,000 was offered for the island, and declined. Spain was poor then, as she now is, but Cuba was a rich prize then, as it now is, and the Spanish government decided that it could afford to hold on to the territory so tempting in the eyes of another power and so certain to advance in value. There has never been an intimation as to the money value put upon Cuba by Spain, and no one believes that it would be an easy matter to ascertain the amount today. Nor has any American statesman now in favor of purchase indicated his figures. But it is assumed that if the sum of $100,000,000 was refused forty years ago a much stiffer price would be asked today in case negotiations for a sale were opened.

There is a feeling in some quarters that, kept separate from other matters and considered upon its own merits, the proposition to buy Cuba would develop great strength in this country. The business relations of the lower Atlantic coast with the islands are intimate, and for some years have been profitable, while New York and Philadelphia have gradually been increasing their sales to the Cubans. The commercial opportunity is regarded as exceptionally good. American capital has been making its way there, and many valuable investments are reported. The complaint, however, is, on the part of both the natives and the American residents, that the Spanish rule is oppressive and serves to retard progress, and it is for this reason that a union with this country is so earnestly desired.

But if the Cuban proposition should become connected with Hawaii, or in any way with the Nicaragua coast, some of its friends will despair of seeing it poll its real strength. An excuse, they think, would be given to men timid about the foreign policy of the government to hold back, upon the plea that the project in its entirety was too big, and would involve the United States too deeply at one time. They expect, moreover, to see another collision take place between Congress and the executive over Hawaii, and they want that matter disposed of before Cuba is brought forward.

It is stated by those entitled to be heard that Spain would rather part with Cuba to any other country than to the United States. Officials in Madrid have been led to believe that all the insurrections on the island have been planned in this country and pushed to the very verge of an open infraction of international law. They look upon New Orleans, Mobile and Key West, on the lower coast, and on New York, Philadelphia and even Boston, on the upper coast, as resorts of Cuban plotters, where American assistance and sympathy are freely extended. The purpose of all this, as they believe, is to force Spain to part with Cuba. It is, in their eyes, a Yankee method of "bearing" the market for Cuban soil by helping to foment trouble on the island and making it expensive for Spain to maintain her authority there.

This is quoted, too, to explain the firing on the Allianca. The opinion is expressed that if the instructions to Spanish commanders in Cuban waters could be gathered it would be shown that they are cautioned particularly against all craft flying the American flag. No Englishman, or Frenchman, or German, is suspected of a desire to assist the revolt in any way. But every American is on the black list, and Spain believes that whatever of means the armed Cubans are now employing against the home authorities have been secretly collected and supplied by the friends of the revolutionists in the United States. For this reason the American flag, it is stated, is almost a hostile emblem in the eyes of the Spanish sailors protecting the Cuban coast.—[Washington Star.

The sooner you begin to fight the fire, the more easily it may be extinguished. The sooner you begin taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for your blood-disease, the easier will be the cure. In both cases delay is dangerous, if not fatal. Be sure you get Ayer's and no other.

POSSIBILITIES OF SCIENCE.

Again, in what physiologists now call the hypnotic state, it is clear that the commands issued even from afar by one who had produced that hypnotic state, and even by others to whom he has transmitted his authority, are heard and obeyed. We have no notion how they are so heard and obeyed. But it is clear that what is audible or visible to one organ in a state artificially produced by what we call the hypnotic trance, without in the least knowing what it means, might well be audible or visible to a differently constituted organ in its natural state. And therefore it is not at all impossible that there are in existence organs which convey to other creatures, without any hypnotizing, those same messages which only become articulate to us under conditions which resemble the sudden giving out of what is called "latent heat" by the physicists.

But if any one supposes that what is now established as "thought-reading" is due to the carrying of a new kind of quasi electric message through the ether, and that the exercise of a strong volition renders this thought-reading possible—so that an organization properly qualified for the purpose, as a hypnotizer's may be supposed to be, can, as it were, speak to a distant friend by force of will alone without uttering any audible sound—we do not know to what developments this kind of sympathetic whispering might not lead. Apparently, even organizations not naturally qualified for thought-reading may, by the help of the hypnotizer, be artificially rendered sensitive to these more or less sub-conscious communications, so as to result in actions which would ordinarily be interpreted as proceeding from a knowledge of what happened at a distance, and far out of the hearing or sight of the person who appears to be influenced by that knowledge. In other words, on this theory of the phenomena, vibrations of the ether, which would otherwise be lost upon a man, may, by careful preparation, gain access to him, just as vibrations of sounds, which are otherwise lost, are so preserved by the telephone as to be audible within two or three hundred miles.

Now, by what we usually call a mere moral effort, a thought, or even a sentence, can be directed to a given brain, just as the apparatus of the telephone directs it, there is no particular reason why some means should not be found of intercepting some of the instinctive communications between one of the lower animals and another, so as to tap them in the same way in which an electrician at an intermediate point taps the electric cable of a message intended for a more distant goal. And so the fairy-story fancy that a man might be so endowed as to overhear the conversations of insects or birds might be realized. All these speculations are, of course, pure dreams, but they are dreams which are suggested as not altogether impossible, by the extraordinary extension of the possibilities of a vibrating ether, accepted by the science of our own day. To the generation which has become familiar with the phonograph and thought-reading, it will hardly seem a sheer impossibility that we might one day be able to arrest and decipher the less intricate messages of purely instinctive import which pass between the ants of a single nest, or the rooks of a single rookery, or the chimpanzees of a single family. Indeed the last feat has, according to an American naturalist, been partially accomplished already by the help of the phonograph, though not by virtue of anything analogous to the thought or feeling reading between man and man.—[London Spectator.

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

March 18.

978—Edward, Anglo-Saxon king, murdered.
1584—Ivan the Terrible died.
1625—King James I of England died.
1745—Sir Robert Walpole, prime minister to Georges I and II, died; born 1676.
1768—Rev. Lawrence Sterne, author of "Tristram Shandy," died; born 1713.
1812—John Horne Tooke, English political writer and grammarian, died; born 1736.
1877—Admiral Sir Edward Belcher, Arctic explorer, died; born in Halifax 1799.
1884—Madam Anna Bishop, singer, died in New York; born in London 1816.
1885—Horace Fairbanks, ex governor of Vermont, died; born 1820.
1891—Steamer Utopia collided with British ironclad at Gibraltar and sank; 560 persons drowned.
1894—Fatal tornado at Emory and Longview, Tex.

IT ISN'T HARD
To get good dentistry. The best grade of anything can be had if you pay enough.

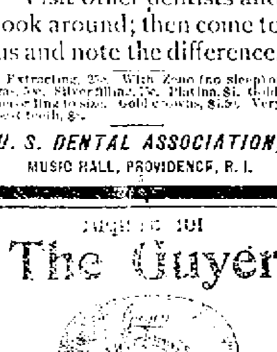
But First-class Dentistry at moderate prices can only be obtained in our offices, for a very good reason—no others have our facilities.

Visit other dentists and look around; then come to us and note the difference.

Extracting, 25c. With Zono (no sleep) or gas, 50c. Silver filling, 75c. Platina, $1. Gold, according to size. Gold crowns, $5.50. Very best teeth, $8.

U. S. DENTAL ASSOCIATION,
MUSIC HALL, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

[illegible]
The Guyer



This trademark on inside of every hat.
Spring Style = = 1895.

NOTICE.
On November 1, 1894, and till April 1, 1895, this shop will close every evening except Wednesday and Saturday at 7:30.
On Wednesday will close at 9 P. M. and Saturday at 11:30.
FUSEY C. PEEK, Barber,
Newton Building, Thames street.

PROVISIONS.
It is Easy to Save Money
When you buy genuine
R. I. Potatoes at 85c. a bushel.
Legs of Mutton at 12c. a pound.
J. A. & H. H. BARKER,
340 and 348 Thames St.

New Potatoes,
Hothouse Tomatoes, String Beans,
Green Peas, Mushrooms,
Rhubarb, Cauliflowers, etc.,
AT THE
SEA SIDE MARKET.

FINE
Florida Oranges
25 cents a dozen,
—AT—
F. B. COGGESHALL'S,
WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Cheap Meat.
There is no economy in buying cheap, half-spoiled meat. Pay a trifle more and have your meats delivered clean and wholesome from
A. A. Tilley & Co.

Meats and Groceries.
PHIL STEVENS,
48 & 50 Thames Street.

FLORISTS.
Choice and Fresh
Cut Flowers
CAN ALWAYS BE HAD AT
HASS'S, - - 234 Thames Street.
Funeral and wedding work a specialty, and at very low rates.
Connected by telephone.

Landscape Work.
The Newport Nursery Company has made arrangements with an experienced Landscape Architect, and is prepared for grading and planting estates, large or small, in Newport or elsewhere in New England. Or will do any part of the work which may be desired.
Seaside estates supplied with the finest ornamentals grown in seaside exposures and therefore perfectly adapted to the new conditions.
For consultation, including references, address Newport Nursery, Newport, R. I.

Tourist Bicycles.
Have you seen the 25-pound
TOURIST?
A fine every-day wheel, fully guaranteed for one year.
PRICE $70.00.
Newport Bicycle Agency,
148 Thames Street.
E. GRIFFITH.

Newport Transfer Express Co.
Local Baggage and Freight Express.
Special arrangements with the Old Colony railroad and steamboat companies and the Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Company for delivery and for the checking of baggage at residence to destination.
Tickets over these lines on sale at the main office, 30 Bellevue avenue, to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and to Boston.
Prompt and personal attention given to all details by E. H. HARRINGTON, Treasurer and General Manager.

Family Coal
A full stock of the best varieties of Hard White Ash Coal.
Lykens Valley and George's Creek Cumberland.
Gardiner B. Reynolds & C

ESTABLISHED 1810.
Millions Of Johnny Cakes have been made from
Boyd Brothers' R. I. Meal.
But do not think it's all used up. You can still get a package from your grocer. IMITATIONS are on the market, look out for them. P. O. address, Portsmouth, R I

SCHREIER'S
QUEEN ANNE MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.
Everything New in the Line of Hats Now Open,
Trimmed Goods a Specialty.
VARIETY GREAT! PRICES LOW!

GROCERIES.
Have you Seen the
PICKLES
—IN—
The Cash Grocery and Market
WINDOW?
James A. Eddy,
250 Thames St.

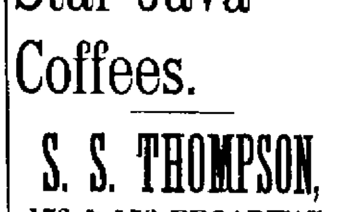
APPLES.
We have a larger assortment and of better quality than can be found elsewhere in the city.
Kings,
Spys,
Tallman Sweets,
Cilliflower,
Greenings,
Baldwins.
PECKHAM & MANCHESTER
BROADWAY

John H. Crosby, Jr.
BELLEVUE AVENUE,
DEALER IN
FINE GROCERIES,
Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables of all kinds, Choice Teas, Pure Spices and Coffees, Butter and Cheese from best Vermont and New York dairies constantly on hand. A large variety of Standard Canned Goods, also a complete assortment of goods usually kept in a first class store.

ESTABLISHED 1814.
New Goods.
Cromarty Bloaters,
English Scaled Herring,
Norway and No 1 Bloater Mackerel
Mellin's Food, Highland Evaporated Cream, Maggi Bouillon, Liebig's, Armour's and Valentine's Extract of Beef, Bovinine.
Fancy Jamaica Oranges.
C. SHERMAN & CO.,
243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

"ONE OF THE FINEST."
SEABURY'S CALF BAL'M
Needle Toe, $5 a Pair.
Latest Spring Style for Young Men.
Seabury Co.
214 Thames Street.

GROCERIES.
A GREAT HIT!
FINE
MARSHMALLOWS
In neat one-pound boxes,
Only 19c Each.
Another fresh lot just received direct from the manufacturers.
—AT—
The Boston Grocery,
(Smith's New Building, Broadway)
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.



Revere Mocha and Java,
—AND—
Star Java Coffees.
S. S. THOMPSON,
172 & 176 BROADWAY.

Mark Down Sale!
Peaches, 18c to 15c a can,
Pears, 18c to 15c a can,
Pineapples, 20c to 15c a can,
Whortleberries, 15c to 10c a can,
Peaches for cream, 40c to 25c a can,
Fancy Cherries, 35c to 30c a can,
Fancy Pears, 30c to 20c a can,
Fancy Apricots, 20c to 18c a can.
PELEG BRYER & SON,
25 to 27 BROADWAY.

Colonel's Best Flour,
$4 a Bbl.; 55c. a Bag.
25 of the best Lemons, 25c.
Oranges one cent each.
24 lbs. Granulated Sugar, $1.
Best Canned Sweet Corn in the city, 7c. a can.
REDUCTION ON PRICES OF ALL GOODS.
D. E. YOUNG,
130 THAMES STREET.

SEED POTATOES
HAVE ARRIVED!
Unload them from car Wednesday afternoon.
A. A. BARKER,
162 & 164 BROADWAY.

This Morning's News

CONTINUED FROM SIXTH PAGE

FOR THE SUM OF $800

Mrs. Green May Become Possessor of Her Long Lost Daughter.

WORCESTER, March 18.—Mrs. Lucy M. Green of this city, whose adventures in search of her children have made many a newspaper story, is in a fair way of obtaining possession of her daughter, Cora May.

Years ago Mrs. Green's two children, Paul Revere and Cora May, were placed in the custody of the Children's Friend society. She was sick and poor then.

When her circumstances improved she tried to get possession of the children, but the officers of the society would give her no information as to their whereabouts.

She employed the services of Special Officer Johnson of this city, who located the boy in a family in Groton, N. H. The mother secured the boy, the family in which he was found consenting reluctantly

To Give Him Up.

Then followed a petition to Governor Greenhalge to have the charter of the Children's Friendly society revoked on account of its treatment of Mrs. Green. The petition proved unsuccessful.

Later, the girl, Cora May, was located in a family named Baker at Bethlehem, N. H., by whom she had been legally adopted.

Mrs. Green went to the Bakers, but the Bakers refused to give the girl up.

Last week the mother went to Bethlehem again, and was refused permission to see her daughter. Then she asked Mr. Baker on what terms he would agree to surrender the girl, who is

Now About Thirteen Years Old.

The mother employed the services of J. W. Remick of Littleton, and an agreement was drawn up and duly signed by Mr. and Mrs. Baker and Mrs. Green. It is a regular contract, in which Charles E. Baker and wife agree to relinquish all rights to the custody and control of their adopted child, Cora May Baker, and to surrender her to said Lucy M. Green, together with wearing apparel and personal effects, as soon as the judge of probate for the county of Grafton vacates the order whereby the said Cora was adopted, and on receipt of $800.

Mrs. Green, on her part, agrees to pay the Bakers $800 on the surrender of the child.

It is expected that the matter of vacating the adoption will come up before the probate court in Littleton this week.

A Sensational Turn.

NASHUA, March 18.—The suit of F. J. Wells against nine liquor dealers of this city to recover $13,000 damages because his wife fell and broke her leg while under the influence of liquor, alleged to have been purchased from the defendants, has become more complicated by the appearance of a second counsel who claims to represent Wells, and who has ordered the case against the liquor dealers dropped. The lawyer first engaged by Mr. Wells claims that a combination has been effected to buy Wells off, and threatens to push a nuisance charge against certain of the defendants if the case is dropped.

Captured in a Bridgeport Resort.

BRIDGEPORT, March 18.—At 2 o'clock yesterday morning the police raided a resort kept by John Jacques. The police found gambling in full swing. Nearly 100 men and women were in the rooms, and a wild break was made to escape. Half of the number escaped, the police landing 50 at headquarters. There were negroes and whites of both sexes among the prisoners. Jacques was charged with keeping a house of ill fame and gambling house, and with violation of the Sunday liquor law. The police say that Jacques kept one of the worst places in New England.

Charged With Taking a Life.

BOSTON, March 18.—Adam Damlanicius, 24 years old, is under arrest, charged with causing the death of Andrew Eliknovitch, 25 years old, who died yesterday afternoon. On Monday last the two men became embroiled in a dispute in a cooper's shop, where they were employed. It is alleged that Damlanicius kicked Eliknovitch in the abdomen, and that internal injuries resulted, from which death ensued.

Water Was Low.

WORCESTER, March 18.—Low water in one of 14 boilers at the boiler plant of H. N. Slater's South Village Woolen mills, in Webster, caused an explosion yesterday. The plant and five boilers were ruined and other damage about the works was done and several people narrowly escaped death. Over 600 persons are out of employment. Loss, $25,000.

Trouble Among Baseballists.

BOSTON, March 18.—The action of the New England Baseball league in attempting to draw Brockton and Lowell from the ranks of the New England association resulted in a meeting of the association, at which it was voted to go on with the association and resist to the end any attempt to take Brockton and Lowell from the circuit.

Defaulter Kills Himself.

HARTFORD, March 18.—Charles E. Robinson, secretary and treasurer of the Bailey Manufacturing company, committed suicide by shooting himself. President Bailey of the company discovered that Robinson was a defaulter, and threatened to have him arrested. Robinson's downfall is attributed to gambling.

Lasters in Salem Strike.

SALEM, March 18.—The lasters employed in the shoe factory of the L. G. Straw company are out on strike. The trouble is over the question of wages, and the fact that the men have an idea that some of the shoes upon which they have been working came from places where there are strikes.

Protection Promised to Missions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 18.—The porte, replying to a protest from British Minister Currie, assured him that measures would be taken to protect missions in Asia Minor. The porte has also assured Minister Terrell to the same effect.

Noted Inventor Dead.

SYRACUSE, March 18.—Charles E. Lyle, a mechanical engineer and a most successful inventor, died yesterday of hemorrhage of the brain. He was a director in several companies which manufactured his inventions.

No Lack of Candidates.

JACKSON, Miss., March 18.—Ex-Governor Lowry has formally announced his candidacy for the senate, to succeed Senator George. There are now four aspirants in the race.

Reward For Capture of Lynchers.

DENVER, March 18.—Governor McIntyre has offered $1000 reward for the capture of any or all the men who lynched the Italians at Walsenburg.

Exile Petersons Is Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Arthur P. Petersons, attorney general of Hawaii under the monarchy, died in exile in this city last night.

Regarded With Suspicion.

BOSTON, March 18.—John Carter of East Boston, 28 years old, died suddenly at his home yesterday. Dr. Emsworth declined to say what was the cause of death. Medical Examiner Harris' report to the police is anxiously awaited.

Cut His Wife's Head Open.

PROVIDENCE, March 18.—Michael Winters is under arrest for assault upon his wife yesterday afternoon. With a large picture frame he knocked her down, cutting a big gash on her head and fracturing her right arm.

Client Charges False Pretenses.

BOSTON, March 18.—Charles S. Strickland, a real estate dealer, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having obtained property to the value of $225 under false pretenses from Simon P. Stewart, one of his clients.

May Have Been Incendiary.

SACO, Me., March 18.—The damage to the city building by fire early yesterday morning is placed at $15,000. It is believed to have been the work of an incendiary, and a fire inquest will probably be held.

General Martin's Plan Condemned.

BOSTON, March 18.—The Central Labor union adopted resolutions denouncing the proposed amendment to the city charter and the proposition of General Martin of the police board to have the police of the various cities organized into a military force.

Hibernians Out In Force.

BOSTON, March 18.—St. Patrick's day was generally celebrated here. The principal event was the parade of the various divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Over 3000 men were in line. The column paraded the principal streets to the Boston theater, where a concert was given.

Swelling Gloucester's Death List.

GLOUCESTER, March 18.—Mrs. Michael Foran, aged 60 years, was found dead in bed at her home yesterday. Charles Patterson, aged 44 years, was also found dead. William Downey, 65 years of age, dropped dead while drawing water from a well. Each fatality resulted from natural causes.

Must Keep Out of Politics.

SALEM, March 18.—The license commissioners have given notice of the adoption of a rule that all liquor licensees must refrain from taking any part in politics. This has caused consternation among politicians who are known upon the street as men with a "pull."

An Alleged Flat Robber.

BOSTON, March 18.—The police of this city think that in the arrest of Charles Wheeler they have secured the thief who has been robbing the flat houses in the Roxbury district. A quantity of jewelry was found upon him, for which owners are wanted.

Lynn Newspaper Man Dead.

LYNN, March 18.—H. E. Jacobs, editor and proprietor of The Lynn Weekly Advocate and The Lynn Shoe, died last night after a brief sickness brought on by la grippe. He was 35 years old.

For Governor of New Hampshire.

NASHUA, March 18.—George A. Ramsdell of this city has decided to allow his friends to present his name as a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination at the next Republican convention.

Carolina Employes Quit Work.

PROVIDENCE, March 18.—The weavers and pullers of the Carolina woolen mills are on a strike, a demand for a return to the old price schedule having been refused by the management.

Getting Pretty Strict.

PROVIDENCE, March 18.—Orders have been issued forbidding members of the fire department to engage in any other business or take any active part in politics.

Found a Headless Corpse.

WICKFORD, R. I., March 18.—Wanton Carpenter, while forking seaweed at Matunuck beach, found the headless body of a man, probably that of a sailor.

Native of Pine Tree State.

TACOMA, March 18.—Charles E. Laughton, the "fiddling governor," and ex-lieutenant governor of Washington and Nevada, died of heart failure, caused by kidney trouble and dropsy. Mr. Laughton was born in Bangor, where his father still lives. In 1882 he was elected lieutenant governor of Nevada, serving for four years, and in 1889 was elected to the same office in this state for three years. He was acting governor for six months during 1890.

Crazed by Sorrow.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Mrs. Amelia Schward was to have sailed with her husband for her home in Germany today. She had not seen her kinsfolk for more than 20 years, and the longing to be back in the old country, coupled with sickness and her unending sorrow over the loss of her baby 10 years ago, gradually made her insane, and yesterday she jumped from a fifth-story window into the yard below and was killed.

Mary Wants to Be Mayor.

WICHITA, Kan., March 18.—Mrs. Mary E. Lease will be nominated for mayor of this city by a citizens' convention, to make the mayoralty fight against the regular Republican nominee. The women and the Prohibitionists will back her in the fight, and women are already talking about getting suffragist orators of national reputation to hold a rally until the campaign is ended.

Must Move Out or Starve.

SHANGHAI, March 18.—The Japanese army at New-Chwang captured all the supplies of provisions, etc., which were intended to last the Chinese three months. They also held all the outposts from which supplies could arrive. Thus the Chinese troops in Manchuria will be compelled either to yield or to speedily retreat in the direction of Pekin.

A Destructive Waterspout.

GADSDEN, Ala., March 18.—A waterspout passed over the Goose River valley and several lives were lost. The damage is enormous, as crops are ruined and the country laid waste. The Goose river is rising a foot an hour at this place, and the deluge will spread ruin all over the valley.

Schooner and Cargo Burned.

LEWES, Del., March 18.—Schooner Ethel S. Wallingford, Georgetown, S. C., to Boston, with a cargo of lumber, was entirely destroyed by fire off Metomkin lifesaving station yesterday. The crew were saved by the lifesavers and brought to Lewes. The crew saved nothing.

Keeping an Eye on Japan.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 18.—It is reported that all the Russian Mediterranean squadron has been ordered to the Pacific so as to be in readiness to make a hostile demonstration in concert with Great Britain in regard to the Japanese demands on China.

WON'T HAPPEN AGAIN.

Spain Promises That the Alliance Incident Will Not Be Repeated.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The state department has received a dispatch from Minister Taylor at Madrid saying that the Spanish government has given assurance to the United States that there will be no more repetitions of such offenses as the firing upon the mail steamer Alliance.

The reply of the Spanish government is couched in courteous and temperate phrases, and expresses the determination of Spain to avoid further causes for complaint on the part of the government.

As to the attempted detention of the Alliance, the Spanish minister of foreign affairs says he is as yet without information, and adds that as soon as he shall have received the report from the captain general of Cuba concerning that incident, a reply will be made to the demand contained in Secretary Gresham's telegram.

ISHMONIA'S CURSE.

In a column of foreign intelligence Mr. John Burlingame, gentleman, of Thirty-third street, New York, had read the following item:

"There are widespread traditions of the existence of certain subterranean and immense galleries in the neighborhood of Ishmonia, the 'petrified city' of Egypt, in which are stored numberless manuscripts and rolls of great antiquity and value. For no amount of money will the Arabs go near it. At night, they say, from the crevices of the desolate ruins, sunk deep in the unwatered sands of the desert, stream the rays from lights carried to and fro in the galleries by other than human hands. The magic rolls of manuscript buried in this dead city of the past composed the literature of the antediluvian ages, and for a native to disturb or touch the precious documents the punishment is death."

"The very thing!" exclaimed Mr. John Burlingame, gentleman, as he clapped his hand upon his knee and dropped his newspaper. He rang for his servant, donned his great coat and hat and drove to the apartments of the Algonquin club. Some moments later he was conversing in a confidential tone with Mr. Walter Crouse and Mr. Alfred Barber. Burlingame and his two friends were college graduates, well versed in Greek and in Latin and possessed of a smattering of Sanskrit and other languages of centuries long past. They were gentlemen of leisure, with any amount of time and money at their command.

Burlingame was tall and dignified, a brunette, with twinkling black eyes and hair and mustache of jet. He was just turning 30. Crouse was short in stature, rather stout, a perfect blond and 28 years of age. Barber was a little, short individual, nervous and excitable, with a small head, small eyes, a small mustache and a small goatee. He was two years younger than his friend Crouse. Burlingame enthused them with an idea, and after hurried preparations the three young men alighted at the wharf of the White Star line of steamers one morning in May, 1881.

In the following August the young men found themselves in Egypt, and one night while encamped in a native village in the region of Ishmonia Burlingame said to his companions:

"At last we are nearing the famous city of old, and if we succeed in bringing to light the hidden manuscripts we will astound the world and return to America famed as discoverers and scientists."

Burlingame had for some years devoted time and study to the occult sciences and had become deeply interested in the performances of the native fakirs in India and Egypt. Upon this August evening as the young men smoked their pipes in their humble quarters there was ushered into their presence a native fakir. Burlingame had learned of his presence in the village the day previous and had sent for him.

The fakir caused a small brasier to be brought into the room, which he proceeded to feed with live coals. Gradually a cloud of incense rose. Little by little the cloud assumed a form entirely human, and Burlingame and his companions distinguished a specter—they could not call it otherwise—the specter of an old Brahman, kneeling near the brasier. He bore upon his forehead the signs of Vishnu and around his body the triple cord, sign of the initiates of the priestly caste. He joined his hands above his head as his lips moved as if they were reciting prayers. At a given moment he took a pinch of perfumed powder and threw it upon the coals. It must have been a strong compound, for a thick smoke arose upon the instant and filled the room.

As the smoke settled Burlingame perceived the specter, two steps from him, extending its fleshless hand. The young man took the hand in his and was astonished to find it, although bony and hard, warm and living.

"Art thou indeed," said Burlingame, "an ancient inhabitant of the earth?"

He had scarcely finished speaking when the word "Yes" appeared and then disappeared in letters of fire on the breast of the old Brahman, with an effect much like that which the word would produce if written in the dark with a stick of phosphorus.

"Will you leave us nothing in token of your visit?" continued Burlingame.

The specter broke the triple cord, composed of three strands of cotton, which begirt his loins, and gave to the young man three pieces for himself and companions. Then his eyes closed, and sinking down upon the matting the specter gradually vanished.

With the fragments of cord in their hands the three young men bade each other good night and retired to their chambers. An hour later Burlingame became possessed of a desire to visit the petrified city of Ishmonia alone and in advance of his companions. Later Crouse experienced a like desire, and still later Barber felt a similar ambition. So at midnight three forms, each independent of the other, were plodding over the sands of the desert to the sunken city, the ruins of which could be seen in the distance in the bright light of the Egyptian moon.

One after another the three Americans entered the sacred city of old, and each of them found with little difficulty the stone chest, containing the rare manuscripts and the scrolls of parchment of the almost forgotten ages. On the cover of the stone box they each discovered an inscription in Sanskrit, which read as follows:

> THE BOOK OF SECRETS.
>
> Only the masters of the occult and final science are allowed to pry into the mysteries of God the Father.

But, nothing daunted, the young men each in turn read and pondered over the long hidden mysteries. When Burlingame left the gateway of the ancient city, he saw the shadow of Crouse not far away, but did not recognize him, and an hour later Crouse, in leaving the silent walls, saw the form of Barber approaching, but did not know him.

Some weeks later a party of American tourists found three men in the village, lying seriously ill in their chambers. By their papers they discovered that the invalids were three young men from New York, so they nursed them back to health, and a committee was sent to accompany them to New York, for neither of the three was capable of making the journey alone. The tall and dignified John Burlingame had lost his reason; short, stout Walter Crouse was a raving maniac, and little nervous Barber was a jibbering idiot. They had found the forbidden books and read therein, but even to this day the secret writings of the past remain unknown throughout the world.—Will Clemens in New York Commercial Advertiser.

BICYCLES.

Premier Bicycles.

Sixteen to Twenty Pounds, $100.

Call and see 30 pound sample. Bicycles and machinery thoroughly overhauled.

GEO. W. SMITH,
Agent and Repairer,
10 Marlborough Street.

Call and see the

New Columbia Bicycle

We sell the best for $100.
Weight from 17 to 21 lbs.

G. G. & A. H. POPPLE,
AGENTS,
132 THAMES STREET.

For Smoking or Chewing
LORILLARD'S Sensation CUT PLUG. IT'S THE BEST.

BLUE BIRD,

The best 5c. Cigar in the city.
TRY THEM.
THEO. BIGALKE
50 BROADWAY.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

Cor. Thames & Mary Streets.

Previous to Our Removal we will sell

Double width sheeting, unbleached, 17c. a yard.

Fine white quilts, Marseilles patterns, 98c.; usual price $1.25.

SPECIAL.

A few remnants of full bleach damask, 50c. a yard; worth 75c.

The Gurney System
—FOR—
STEAM AND HOT WATER
—IS—
The Best in the World.
PHILIP F. CONROY,
Gas Light Co.'s Building,
181 Thames Street.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

If not, go to your grocer and ask for

A. R. ANTHONY'S R.I. CORN MEAL,

And you will use no other. All orders will be promptly filled.

MIDDLETOWN, R. I.

P. O. Box 297.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

"Mattresses Made Over,"
"Furniture Upholstered,"
"Awnings Made,"
"Furniture Made to Order,"
"Furnitur Repaired,"
"Furniture Refinished"
"DRAPERIES HUNG."

Carpets, Rugs, Mattings and a Full Line of Furniture sold by

J. W. HORTON & CO.,
42 Church Street.
J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD.

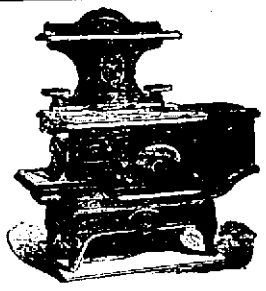
Spring Medicine

Is all right when you need it, but the chances are you are a great deal more in need of an easy and comfortable

Spring Bed.

A good sleep every night will do you more good than medicine.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
16 FRANKLIN STREET.



JUST RECEIVED.

Sixteen Decorated Dinner Sets,

112 pieces, colors pink, blue and brown, at $10 a set. These sets are real bargains at this price. Inspection invited. Great reduction in Granite and Agate Ware. Macbeth's Pearl Top Lamp Chimneys always in stock.

JAMES F. MAIDEN,
Cottrell's Block, 358 Thames Street.

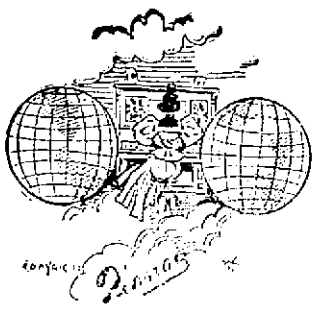
UPHOLSTERING,

Mattress Making, Repairing, Chair Seating.

Let us have your orders NOW, before the rush begins, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
101 & 103 Thames Street.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.



Music of the spheres delights the spheres and all who dwell upon them. The player and playing are both charming, the more especially as she is playing one of our JEWETT PIANOS. Instruments like ours afford full scope for musical ability and make the music of the spheres more pleasing than ever. When the musician and the music are of the best, much is expected; but even music and musicians owe much to their instrument, and certainly no debt can be larger than that of music and musicians to our ..... PIANOS. The most competent musicians acknowledge it and pronounce our instruments the best in use.

JOHN ROGERS, 210 Thames Street.

Ralph Wood,

Piano Tuner,

WITH JOHN ROGER

210 THAMES STREET.

ALBERT P. CRANDALL,
199 Spring Street,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Piano, Church and Reed Organ Tuner.

FOR SALE—A church organ of two manuals and seventeen registers, almost new; a rare bargain. Also a one manual reed organ at a low figure, and a two manual reed organ in good condition suited for small church or chapel.

NEW AND DESIRABLE

Picture Mouldings

Just received and for sale at lowest prices at

C. Banning's, 67 Broadway.

Agency for the Old Staten Island Dye House. Established 1819.

THE TRADES.

ARMISTED BURLEY,
Practical Painter and Glazier
27½ POND AVENUE.
Old houses and tenements re-painted and made to look like new; this work a specialty.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers,
REAR OF 192 THAMES STREET.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

F. A. ALLAN,
Carpenter and Builder
17 WARNER STREET.
Shop, - - 7 Caleb Earl Street.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Window Frames, etc.
WEST BROADWAY.

J. D. JOHNSTON,
Architect and Builder,
Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work Executed with Despatch.
Shop, 63 Mill street. P. O. Box 161 | Office, 70 Pulham street. Residence, 106 Church.

BUILDING STONE.
J. B. Cottrell,
Warner street, opp. Island Cemetery.
Every variety of building stone worked to order

J. B. ALLEN'S SONS,
9 SHERMAN STREET

House and Sign Painting,
DECORATING AND PAPER HANGING
Strictly first class work at lowest prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Established 1868. Telephone 6614-4
P. J. MURPHY,
FINE PLUMBING, DRAINAGE and VENTILATION.
OFFICE AND SHOW ROOM:
161 & 165 Spring street.
The latest improved fixtures are set up in show room in complete working order.

Notice!

I HAVE BOUGHT out the plumbing business formerly carried on by Mr. T. F. McCormick and will continue the business at the old stand, 6 Mill street.

In connection with the plumbing business I will also do a sewerage and gas fitting business.

I have engaged Mr. McCormick to take the entire charge of the plumbing department.

WM. R. BODGE, 6 Mill Street.

New Lot of Parlor Stoves, $3.50 to $14.00.
TIN, SHEET IRON and FURNACE WORKERS.
Allan Brothers,
19 Spring Street.

FINANCIAL.

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £

Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.

A. S. SHERMAN, Merchants' Bank.

CITY MORTGAGES

Upon central, improved, income, title insured property NETTING 8 PER CENT. INTEREST payable at your own bank. CITY AND COUNTY OBLIGATIONS. Safe and profitable.
HENRY A. TOWNSEND,
15 RHODE ISLAND AVE., NEWPORT, R. I.
Defaulted Western Securities and Foreclosed Properties Purchased.

THE
Baldwin Brothers Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
New York, Boston and Chicago.
Stocks, Bonds, Grains, cash or margin. No interest charged on New York stocks.
Newport Office, 197 Thames St.
H. BULL, JR., Manager.

The Young Man's Fancy
Doesn't turn to thoughts of love in the fall. On the contrary, he begins to think of underwear.
WE HAVE UNDERWEAR THAT WILL OUTWEAR ANY UNDERWEAR SOLD ANYWHERE.
140 Thames Street.
The prices are from 50c. to $5 a garment
NUSS,
Hatter and Outfitter.

The Proof of a Pudding is in the Eating."
People must like my
Sweet REFINED Apple Cider
Or I would not be able to sell seven casks in succession at the same stores.
For sale to the trade ONLY, at lowest prices, considering quality. No charge for casks or for delivery.
HENRY A. THORNDIKE,
65 & 67 Bridge Street.

Baby Carriages.

If you come early you of course get first choice. We are offering this year an extra selection, and it will pay you to call and examine.

W. K. Covell,

163 Thames Street.

"PINAFORE"

Is still at anchor. Her crew will do well to secure some of

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial

Before they sail. Newport Druggists and Grocers can supply them.

35 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

New Prices.

White Ash, all sizes,	$5.75
Red Ash Stove,	7.00
Lykens Valley,	7.50

25c. per ton discount for SPOT cash.

ABRAM ALMY,

173 THAMES STREET.

Pineapples, Grape Fruit,

Sweet Florida and Navel Oranges.

CARRY BROTHERS,

257 & 259 THAMES STREET.

Faulty Vision

Is more or less general in this rushing age. Eyes are often overworked; need help. Glasses may prove of wonderful benefit and relief. We fit them and guarantee every pair we sell. We are closing out several lots below cost to make room for new styles.

HERRMANN'S,

219 THAMES STREET.

Newport Illuminating Company.

LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER.

Electric Radiators, Coffee and Teapots, Kettles, Ovens, Sad irons, Broilers, Toasters, etc., etc.

MOTORS in all sizes.

Stores, offices and residences wired and lighted by **Incandescent Electric Light** at lowest rates.

Call and see our

New Line of Electric and Gas Shades

In all colors and designs.

449 to 455 THAMES STREET.

A Good Time

To buy a PIANO is the present.

A Good Place

To buy a PIANO is at J. H. BARNEY, JR., & CO.'S, 171 Thames Street.

A Good Piano

To buy is a Steinway, Gabler, Hazelton, Hardman, Standard, Weser. One of these is sure to please you, because they are the best and fully warranted.

Our Annual Mark Down

ON NEW CANNED GOODS.

We have received a new shipment of Canned Goods and will continue to sell at cut prices this month.

Tomatoes, Corn, Peas at 10c. a tin.
Salmon, 11c. a tin.
String Beans, yellow wax, 13c., 2 for 25c.
String Beans, green, 13c., 2 for 25c.
Lima Beans, 12c. a tin.
Succotash, 11c. a tin.

CAL. FRUITS.

Peaches, Pears, Apricots and Cherries, at 20c. a tin.
Canned Apples, 15c. a tin.
Canned Pineapple, 22c. a tin.
Canned Egg Plums, 18c. a tin.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,

18 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

25 cents off

IMMEDIATE CASH

FOR

"COAL"

Is a new idea with us, and we find it works very satisfactory, as CASH is always desirable in every one's business; therefore until further notice we shall sell all of our various kinds of coal at a discount of 25 cents off for spot cash.

"Perry Bros."

Ready for Business.

New Carpets AND Wall Papers.

Prices as low as possible for standard goods.

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,

188 THAMES STREET.

THE DEMOCRATIC CITY CONVENTION.

The Democratic city convention met for the third time in the State House Saturday evening. A secret session was held from 7:30 to 8 o'clock, and was attended by nineteen delegates. A number of would-be spectators went out while the secret session was in progress, as Janitor Gaines had no other accommodations provided for them, and they could not be induced to wait until 8. It was a few minutes after that hour when the door was opened, and the crowd in attendance, consisting of two reporters and three spectators, filed in and waited for the proceedings to begin. There were twenty-two delegates present when the roll was called for the public meeting. Mr. J. P. Keefe then presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Newport denounces the proposed biennial sessions amendment to the constitution of the state, as designed to rob the people of the state of their political rights and the people of Newport of their ancient and honored "Election holiday."

Resolved, That the plan of electing representatives to the General Assembly from the cities by wards which have been gerrymandered in the interest of one of the political parties is a scheme to perpetuate the power of the Republican party, and the representatives from this city who voted for that, and for the abolition of Election day, deserve defeat in their candidacy for re-election.

Resolved, That any plan for a reform of the organization of the General Assembly ought to embrace a provision for an increase of the pay of the members thereof to at least $3 a day, to the end that the people may be enabled to secure the services of persons fitted to represent them, without subjecting them to serious pecuniary loss.

Mr. Nolan, from the committee on a legislative ticket, presented the following candidates, who were unanimously nominated: For senator, Howard Smith; for representatives, William R. Hunter, Archibald B. Sayer, P. J. Boyle, William S. Cranston, James Fludder.

The city committee was given power to fill vacancies and arrange the ticket as seemed best.

The secretary was instructed to notify the nominees, and call the new city committee together on Tuesday evening, and the convention adjourned.

It is understood that Messrs. Hunter, Cranston and Fulder will decline to serve as candidates.

AT ST. MARY'S HALL.

Every seat in St. Mary's hall was occupied last evening, the attraction being an illustrated lecture, portraying a trip through the Holy Land, by Rev. Father Harty of East Providence. A corps of ushers materially contributed to the success of the event, and their work deserves commendatory mention. The American flag was displayed on the left of the stereopticon screen, the Irish flag appearing on the right. Nearly a hundred boys and girls, pupils of St. Mary's Academy, marched into the hall in a body, and occupied seats at the front. They opened the evening's entertainment by singing the Irish national anthem in a very spirited manner, Miss Mary Collon accompanying on the piano. Master John Mortimer recited "The Top of the Morning," and was greeted with hearty applause. Then followed a recitation by twenty-four boys.

The speaker was introduced in a felicitous manner by Rev. Dr. Grace. The pictures of the Holy Land were numerous, but the light from the camera was not powerful enough to bring them out to the satisfaction of the large and interested audience. Father Harty spent several months viewing the historic portions of the East, and in his lecture gave an interesting account of what he saw, especially of the places connected with the birth and life of Christ. When he presented the picture, a copy of a celebrated painting, of the stable where Christ was born, the young people sang an appropriate selection, and again when a picture of Jerusalem was thrown upon the canvas. The three pictures of Jerusalem were the best shown, and pictures of "Christ in the Tomb," Daniel O'Connell, "Christ is Risen," Father Mathew, the great apostle of temperance; Calvary, the Holy Sepulchre, the Valley of Jehosophat, Gethsemane, the tomb of Absalom, the Virgin Mary, St. Joseph and the Mount of Olives and Bethany were shown. The children sang "My Erin, Oh!" and in conclusion the "Lakes of Killarney." The singers were highly complimented by the speaker.

A larger audience, probably, never assembled in St. Mary's hall, even standing room not being obtainable as early as 8 o'clock, and a handsome sum was realized.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians attended one of the early masses and listened to a scholarly sermon by Rev. Dr. Grace.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. A. J. DeBlois has gone to New York for a few days.

—Miss Mary Guild will leave tonight for Summerville, S. C.

—Colonel and Mrs. A. Prescott Baker will sail for Europe March 30.

—Mr. George H. Sherman has gone to Anacosta, D. C., for a short visit.

—Mrs. John Malgan, formerly of this city, died in New York Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Bull of Brooklyn are visiting Major Henry Bull.

—Professor Alexander Agassiz and Mr. Max Agassiz have returned from Europe.

—Schooner Hannah Blackman arrived Saturday night, with a cargo of coal for Perry Brothers.

—Mr. Winthrop Rutherfurd and Mr. W. A. Duer sailed for Europe Saturday. Mr. Duer goes abroad to accompany his wife home.

—All the stores in the Casino building and the King's block, and all but one in the Travers block, have been rented for the season of 1895.

—Mayor Waters is still confined to his home by illness, which has been of quite a serious nature. He passed an uncomfortable night, but is slightly better today.

—Mr. W. R. Hunter, owing to business and other engagements, has been compelled to decline the Democratic nomination for representative in the General Assembly.

—The Salvation Army had the largest audience of the season last evening. Thursday the Army will have a pound party, with addresses on slum rescue and social work.

—At the annual meeting of the Historical Society this evening, the annual reports of the officers will be received and new officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

—Saturday E. C. O'Neill sold at auction the estate of John Murray on East Bowery street to Julia J. Murray, mortgagee, a daughter of the deceased. The property was sold to settle the estate.

—Mr. Charles E. Harris has returned from England, where he has been for several weeks, on business connected with the settlement of the estate of his father, the late Colonel Frank G. Harris.

—DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge have rented for the Misses Ogden their cottage on Red Cross avenue, known as "Mapleshade," to Mr. Charlemagne Tower, Jr., of Philadelphia, for the season of 1895.

—The local displayman received the following bulletin from the signal office this morning: "Hoist northwest signals at 8:30 A. M. A storm central in lower St. Lawrence valley will cause high west winds on the New England coast."

—The Caledonian Society has leased club rooms in the Horgan building on Thames street, which will be opened about April 1, and be the social and literary headquarters for the Scotch residents. The society will give a social April 19, the Friday after Easter.

—Father Coyle of St. Joseph's Church will speak at Phenix this evening; tomorrow, St. Joseph's day, he will preach at St. Edward's Church, Providence. In the morning, he will attend the dedication of the new St. Joseph's Hospital, Providence, which will then be formally opened by Bishop Harkins and as many of the priests of the diocese as can attend.

—The entertainment at the Channing parlors tomorrow evening, to be given under the auspices of the helpfulness committee of the Unity Club, promises to draw together a large audience, and to net a considerable sum for the charitable purposes of the club. Members of the club will be admitted only by special ticket for the evening and at the regular price.

—Mr. H. S. Cram, son-in-law of Mr. Egerton L. Winthrop, died at Cairo, Egypt, Saturday, after a lingering illness. He had never recovered from the shock occasioned by the death of his wife in London, a little over a year ago. The marriage of Mr. Cram and Miss Winthrop, which occurred at Trinity Church here, was the social event of the summer of 1892.

—French ship Iphigenie, Captain Caillard, left here under steam shortly before 10 o'clock yesterday morning, bound for Cadiz, France. The ship while here took on a large stock of fresh provisions, and Saturday a number of cows and four tons of hay were put on board the vessel. The officers, who came ashore frequently during the ship's stay here, made many purchases at the various stores, and left a large amount of money behind them. The sailors were not allowed on shore in large numbers.

—Saturday tug Joseph Stickney, with five light barges in tow, started for New York. When near Point Judith an accident occurred to the tug's machinery, and the tow came to anchor. Steam lighter Tuckahoe, from New York, happened along soon after the accident, and brought the tug to this city. Tug Aquidneck went out after the barges, but outside met the big tug Col. J. H. Gaynor, whose captain said he won'd tow the barges in, and the Aquidneck returned to this city. The damage to the Stickney, though it totally disabled the boat, is not extensive.

PORTSMOUTH COAL MINES TO RESUME OPERATIONS.

It is understood that the coal mines in Portsmouth will shortly be the scene of renewed activity. A new company of capitalists has leased the property, and is under a forfeit to begin work within a few months. It looks now as though operations would be resumed as soon as the weather moderates sufficiently to permit advantageous work on the mine, which must be pumped out. The dust from the coal from this mine has been pressed into "eggiets," about the size of hens' eggs, and has been found to give satisfactory results in stoves. It is to make this form of coal supply, and possibly to use the coal for the production of gas, that the new company has been formed. The organization is said to have sufficient capital to put the works in good condition. The coal dust now at the mine will be used as fuel for pumping out the shaft, as it can be advantageously burned on a special grate devised by Mr. Corcoran, for many years at the mines.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

A number of children in the south part of the town are sick with chicken pox.

Mr. James H. Barker of Newport, who has been employed to carry the mail between that city and Tiverton, has found the traveling so exhausting to himself and his horse that after his return trip Saturday he gave up the job, and ended the misery of his worn-out beast by taking its life.

Only those whose business for a fortnight past has made it necessary to travel over the roads of Portsmouth and Middletown, not macadamized, can fittingly speak of the mud and the aggravations it causes.

Mr. Henry D. DeBlois, who has been an efficient keeper of the town asylum for the past two years, will shortly remove to Swansea, where he has secured a position as head man on a valuable farm.

Mr. Samuel Hough of Maine, recently farmer for Mr. Elbert A. Sisson, on Gypson lane, has secured the position of keeper of the town farm, and has already moved a part of his goods there.

Miss Emma L. Brayton has returned from Seekonk, where she has been spending several months.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet with Mrs. Israel Orswell on the West Main road Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Miss Clara Reed of Fall River was guest Sunday of Mrs. William F. Brayton.

Mrs. George B. Anthony is still critically ill, and the other members of the family are improving.

Mr. William L. Sisson lost a horse Saturday.

Mr. Charles N. Chace of Barrington spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. Parker H. P. Faulkner will return with her aunt to New Jersey this week, and remain there to care for her.

Mr. Daniel W. Hambly, who has rented the farm lately occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Parker H. P. Faulkner and owned by Mr. and Mrs. Luther P. Chase, will move into the lower tenement of the house, and Mr. Joseph H. Cross into the upper tenement. Mr. F. Clark Corey will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Hambly.

Mr. William Corey, who has for some years rented his house and land, will again occupy it, with his granddaughter as housekeeper.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The entertainment to be given at the town hall this evening, under the auspices of the Prohibitory party, will consist of a lecture by Mr. George H. Niver of Albany, N. Y., on the political issues of the day, and songs by Mr. and Mrs. Beveridge, who last year gave much satisfaction.

RHODE ISLAND ODD FELLOWS.

The published proceedings of the Fifty-second annual session of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, contain articles "In Memoriam" on Past Grand Ira B. Handy of Olive Branch Lodge, No. 37, of Providence, written by Past Grand B. W. Dodge; and on Past Grand Seth L. Horton of Mt. Pleasant Lodge, No. 45, of Providence, prepared by Past Grand Louis W. Clarke. There are also in the report past grands' tablets in memory of several other past grands, including Messrs. John D. Pike, William G. Ward and Henry N. Ward of Rhode Island Lodge of this city.

The following lodges show a loss in membership during 1894, as compared with the year previous: Eagle, Roger Williams, Hope, Amity, Good Samaritan, Washington, Rhode Island, United Brothers, Friendship, Swarts, Pilgrim, Anthony, Enterprise, Franklin, North Star, Neptune, Westminster, Perseverance, James Wood, Mayflower, Oakland, Granite, Reliance, Olive Branch, Covenant, Lafayette, Exeter.

The following lodges show a gain in membership for the year: Harmony, Narragansett, Woonsocket, Mechanics, Manufacturers, Unity, Crescent, Superior, Columbia, Benson, Electra, Park Hill, Anchor, Gibson, What Cheer, Excelsior and Mount Vernon.

The following lodges neither gained nor lost: Friendly Union, Canonicus, Sea Side, Eureka, Seaconnet, Mount Pleasant.

Twenty-seven lost membership, seventeen gained, and six remained stationary. One new lodge was instituted, which had 33 members at the close of the year. The grand total of members January 1, 1895, in the fifty-one lodges of Rhode Island, was 6,392.

Eagle Lodge still maintains its position in having the largest number of members at the close of the year, the total being 344; Good Samaritan Lodge ranks second in this respect, with 336; Hope Lodge, with 277 members, ranks third.

The average age of the members in the several lodges presents an interesting study. Washington Park Lodge, with an average of thirty-two years, ranks first; Excelsior Lodge, with an average of thirty-five, second; Anchor and Gibson lodges each average thirty-six years and Park Hill and What Cheer average thirty seven years. At the other extreme may be found Eagle and Washington lodges, each with an average of fifty one. The general average is forty-two.

The richest Rhode Island lodges, as shown by their available assets, are: Good Samaritan, No. 8, of Pawtucket, $37,905; Eagle, No. 2, of Providence, $30,629; Canonicus, No. 9, of Providence, $23,350; Rhode Island, No. 12, of Newport, $16,632; Manufacturers, No. 15, of Olneyville, $13,894; Hope, No. 4, of Providence, $12,000.

POLICE NOTES.

Annie McGowan, nineteen years of age, has been sent to the state farm for six months on a charge of lewdness.

John O'Neill and John Reagan have been fined $2 and costs each for drunkenness.

Liquor complaints are numerous at the Police Station, filling each Sunday several pages of a big book. The liquor dealers are becoming bold again.

Charles Mason complains of being brutally assaulted a few nights ago by Daniel Sheehan of West Broadway. Sheehan will, it is said, be arrested.

Thursday night burglars broke into the post-office at Head of Westport, and stole about $20 worth of stamps. The break was made by tools taken from the blacksmith shop of Charles Records, near by.

FOR

COAL and WOOD,

AT LOWEST PRICES,

—GO TO—

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER

PERRY MILL WHARF,

341 THAMES STREET.

A LINE OF VERY NICE LOW-PRICED

Decorated Toilet Sets

JUST OPENED

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,

131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

Notice!

Prices Have Declined.

Discount for SPOT Cash.

Call and Hear Figures.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN.

WM. R. BOONE, Agent.

Office BOWEN'S WHARF.

Bang, Boom, Bang!

Down Goes the Price OF

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Best Elgin Creamery Butter, 27c. a lb.; 3¾ lbs. for $1.
Fresh R. I. Eggs, 17c. a dozen; 6 dozen for $1.

AT

The New York Butter House,

158 THAMES STREET. E. A. EDES, Prop.
Telephone connection.

AUCTION SALES.

By THOS. BURLINGHAM, Auct'r.

At Aquidneck Hall, Thursday, March 21, at 10 o'clock,

SPECIAL SALE OF FURNITURE

In Chamber Sets, Parlor Suits, Easy Chairs, Mattresses, Cabinet Bed, Sideboards, Pictures, Mirrors, Crockery and Glassware, Bed Clothing, one Piano, Carpets, Stoves, Dining Chairs, Springs, etc.

Inspection on Wednesday.

NOTICE!

Auction Sale of Groceries, Etc.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, NEWPORT, March 16th, 1895.

NEWPORT SC:

PURSUANT to an order issued out of the District Court of the first Judicial District at a session of said Court holden March 15th, A. D. 1895, I will sell at a Public Auction at the Auction room of Thomas Burlingham, No. 83 Mill street, in said Newport, Thursday, March 21st A. D. 1895, commencing at ten o'clock A. M. all the goods and chattels that were attached by me on the original writ in the suit in which John T. Keefe of said Newport is plaintiff and Michael E. Keefe of said Newport is defendant.

PARDON S. KAULL, Deputy Sheriff.
THOMAS BURLINGHAM, Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE,

Will be sold at Public Auction,

Wednesday, March 27, 1895,

At 11 o'clock.

If fair, if not the first fair day, the farm of Daniel Sullivan, near Coal Mine Station, IN PORTSMOUTH.

Said farm contains nine acres more or less, of good tillage land, with cottage house and barn and carriage house, and other buildings, one express wagon, one buggy, one cow, two tons of hay in barn, and a lot of farming tools, rails, posts and lot of wood.

Conditions made known at time of sale.

L. D. TALLMAN, Auctioneer.

Executor's Sale.

Will be sold by public auction on the Isaac M. Rogers place, on the Wapping road in

Portsmouth, Wednesday, Mar. 20, '95,

A lot of household goods, consisting of chairs, tables, crockery, etc. Sale to begin at 10 A. M.

By order of Thomas E. White, Executor.

JOSEPH B. DENNIS, Auctioneer.

FERTILIZERS

Have Arrived.

25 tons Mitchell,
20 tons Chemical,
10 tons Crocker's.

FINEST STOCK OF

Seed Potatoes

Ever offered, to arrive **March 25.**

Choice Onion Setts.

Order Early.

The Geo. A. Weaver Co.

19, 21 & 23 Broadway,

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEW BOOKS.

Four American Universities:

Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia. Illustrated.

The White Tsar, and Other Poems, by Henry Bedlow. Ill. by J. Steeple Davis.
Napoleon from Corsica to St. Helena, with an introduction and descriptions by Joel Stoddard. 300 reproductions of famous paintings.
The Idiot, by J. Kendrick Bangs.
Men Born Equal, by H. P. Robinson.
The Life and Letters of Maria Edgeworth.
The Mermaid, by L. Dougall.
The Lone Inn, by Fergus Hume.

G. E. Hammett, Jr., 202 Thames St.

The White Tsar,

And Other Poems, by Henry Bedlow.
Degeneration, by Max Nordau.
Majesty, a novel, by Louis Couperus.
A Man of Mark, by Anthony Hope.
The Minor Chord, a story of a Priest Doona.
His Egyptian Wife, by Hilton Big.
Chimmie Fadden, Major Max and other stories, by E. W. Townsend.

ALSO

A Fine Line of EASTER CARDS and BOOKLETS.

GEORGE H. CARR,

172 THAMES STREET.

VICTOR HUGO'S

Les Miserables Series

The five separate books for

Only 40c.

—AT THE—

Franklin News Depot,

8 Franklin Street, Opposite Postoffice.

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For March.

At Clarke's,

ESTATE of

M. Cottrell

Have in Stock a New Line

—OF—

Baby Carriages.

Cottrell Block,

322, 324 & 326 Thames Street.

Pinard Cottages,

Newport, R. I.

One of these very desirable and fully furnished cottages to rent with board for the ensuing season.

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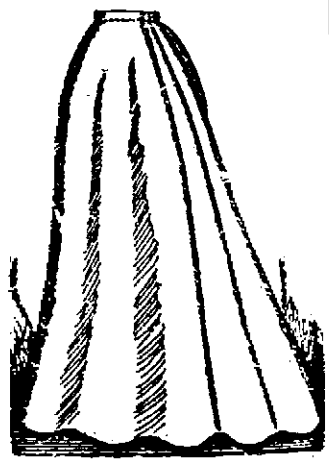

Separate Skirts.

98 Serge
$3.75, sold elsewhere for $4.50
4.50, " " " " 6.00
5.25, " " " " .00
8.50, " " " " 12.00

Our skirts are made in our own workroom, and by bringing your own material, lining and braid cloth we will make you a skirt like sample, three pleated back, full sweep and elegant shape, for $2.50 to $3.50.

—AT—

M. B. Lappin's

Wrapper Store,

145 THAMES STREET.